SAFETY MATTERS

Annual Security and Fire Safety Report

CENTER FOR HEALTH SCIENCES

medicine.okstate.edu/security

This report contains crime and fire statistics for the 2025, 2024, and 2023 calendar years.

October 2026

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MESSAGE FROM CHS PRESIDENT JOHNNY STEPHENS



OUR COMMITMENT TO CAMPUS SAFETY

The safety and security of our campus are of the utmost importance for Oklahoma State University Center for Health Sciences.

Ensuring our students, faculty, staff and visitors have a safe, secure learning environment is the result of the efforts of the OSU-Tulsa Police Department. Thanks to their efforts, our campus continues to have one of the lowest crime rates in the city of Tulsa.

Under the direction of Chief Michael Beckner and as a division of the OSU Police Department, OSU Police Department Tulsa Division ensures that students and employees have the tools to educate themselves about personal safety and the safety of others on campus.

The Tulsa Division provides training and resources through the OSUPD, Office of Student Services, Human Resources and Counseling Center, as well as other areas.

Our most important safety tool is communication. OSU-CHS utilizes the Cowboy Alert system to communicate with students and employees about emergency situations.

While OSU-CHS works to keep our campus safe, the best way to prevent crimes and accidents is to stay informed, be aware of your surroundings and report suspicious behavior to the university police.

Thank you for all you do to help keep OSU-CHS a safe and welcoming campus.



Johnny Stephens, Pharm. D.
President, OSU Center for Health Sciences

REPORTING

POLICE SERVICES

The OSU Police Department is an accredited policing agency, initially accredited by the Oklahoma Association of Chiefs of Police (OACP) in 1998. The first agency in the state of Oklahoma to become accredited, the OSU Police Department continues to be a leading professional organization by adhering to the best policing practices as prescribed in the accreditation standards.

The OSU Police Department serves multiple campuses within the OSU system. The OSUPD Tulsa division covers the Center for Health Sciences. The OSU Center for Health Sciences is located in the city of Tulsa and covers approximately 10 buildings and structures on the main campus at 17th and Southwest Boulevard, six floors in the Legacy Plaza West Tower, and Hardesty Center for Clinical Research and Neuroscience, as well as multiple OSU Medicine clinics in the Tulsa metro area. The department's overall strength (authorized positions) is seven sworn officers who have full enforcement and arrest authority on the OSU campus, as well as 14 armed security officers. Commissioned campus police officers have the same powers, liabilities and immunities as sheriffs and police officers within their jurisdiction. The men and women of the OSU Police Department attend the same state police basic academy as most other law enforcement agencies in Oklahoma. To provide the best services possible to the OSU community, the OSU Police Department has mutual aid agreements with both the Tulsa Police Department and Tulsa County Sheriff's Office, allowing for cooperation in enforcement activities. However, the OSU Police Department retains primary jurisdiction for the investigation and handling of criminal incidents within its jurisdiction. Some low-threat duties, such as entrance assists, the SafeWalk escort program, and selected security assignments, are accomplished with student public service officers. The student public service officers have no enforcement powers and may only operate on OSU owned or controlled properties, but they can quickly call upon the assistance of a campus police officer in the event an enforcement action is necessary.

OSU police officers provide a positive image to visitors and members of the campus community, whether it is providing directions, parking information or just a friendly welcome.

Our officers represent this university as a group of caring and professional people, intent upon enhancing a friendly community atmosphere. Necessary enforcement includes using alternatives to arrest when reasonable. Our participation in special events ensures that all aspects of planning consider the safety and security of all participants. OSU police officers provide professional crowd control and traffic regulation before, during and after such events.

Students and staff find our office willing to share statistics, insights and experiences as a basis for class reports or vocational interests. OSU police officers seek proactive means to avoid problems and situations, whether it is suggesting additional security measures, providing insight on planned activities or using investigative analysis to determine a deterrent force.

For the OSU Police Department, service is a way of life. Services such as motorist assists, money transports and emergency message notifications are handled routinely.

OSU police provide programs aimed at promoting seatbelt use, prevention of texting while driving and educating our residents, primarily the students, about the effects and penalties of alcohol use and abuse. A positive effect of the effort has been the strict enforcement of alcohol-related laws, which has been dramatic in getting drunk drivers off campus streets and ultimately preventing accidents. This effort continues, in part, with an emphasis on preventing underage drinking.

The OSU Police Department has primary jurisdiction on OSU owned and controlled properties throughout Oklahoma. Through mutual aid requests, incidents occurring on OSU owned and controlled properties outside of Tulsa County, Oklahoma, may be referred to the local sheriff's office or municipal police department.

Overall, the OSU Police Department believes in providing proactive law enforcement and service to the university community.

CRIME REPORTING

Crime victims and witnesses to a crime are encouraged to accurately and promptly report incidents to the OSU Police Department or other appropriate police agency.

To report a crime or other emergency, the victim or witness can call the police phone number 918-561-1234, or 911 (for emergencies) and a police officer will meet them to gather information. Or, they can contact the police through the OSU safety app, Rave Guardian.

RESPONSE TO REPORTS

Dispatchers are available 24 hours a day at all the above listed numbers, except 988 which is answered 24 hours a day by Solari Crisis and Human Services call takers. In response to a call, dispatchers or call takers will take the required action, either dispatching the appropriate assistance to your location, or requesting that you report to a location to file a report or receive services. An official report is then made, with copies available to the victim after a completed investigation. Each business day, the incidents from the previous day — excluding names — are summarized and made available to the public, key OSU staff, other law enforcement agencies and the media. The public can access the daily activity summary by visiting the OSU Police Department website at *safety.okstate.edu/police* and clicking on the Activity Summaries tab in the Clery Act section.

OSU PD maintains a Clery Crime Log / Activity Summary, which is available to the public for review, at the OSU PD office — 1716 S. Phoenix Ave, Tulsa, OK — from 8 a.m.– 5 p.m. Monday through Friday, excluding holidays and days the university is closed. A version of the Daily Crime Log is also available online at *safety.okstate.edu/police/clery-act/activity-summaries.html*.

Each month, the number of incidents in each category of crime are counted and reported to the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation, which in turn provides the information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. These statistics are published and available to the public at *osbi.ok.gov/ statistical-analysis-center/data-and-statistics*.

Each year, the FBI publishes a book of crime statistics called Crime in the United States, which includes accurate accounting of the criminal incidents that occurred on the OSU campus. OSU has reported crime statistics in this manner since the FBI began publishing campus crime statistics in 1971.

CRIMES IN PROGRESS

To report a crime in progress, a victim or witness can dial 911, use the Rave Guardian safety app, or call one of the listed police phone numbers. Any reporting method will initiate the response of police, fire, ambulance or other first responders. In addition, the victim of a serious crime can request support personnel, such as ministers, victim advocates or counselors, during or after reporting the incident.

Additionally, crime victims may be eligible for funds through victims' compensation laws administered by the local district attorney. See *ok.gov/dac/Victims/Victims_Compensation_Program/* for more information.

Prompt reporting of criminal activity to the police enables a quick response, a timely warning if warranted, and makes the campus safer for everyone. So, if you see something, say something!

IF YOU ARE THE VICTIM OF A CRIME OR WITNESS TO ONE, YOU SHOULD DO THE FOLLOWING:

1. **Call the police immediately:**

   OSU-CHS AND OSU MEDICINE CLINICS
   918-561-1234
   911 (for emergencies)

   OSU-COM AT CHEROKEE NATION
   918-453-3527
   911 (for emergencies)

2. **Obtain a description:**
   Attempt to obtain a description of the offender, including gender, age, race, hair, clothing and distinguishable features. It is common for many people to have a cellphone with a camera, and a photo of a suspect can be an invaluable aid to the investigation. Also attempt to obtain a description and license number of any vehicle involved. Again, a photograph can be a tremendous aid in locating and apprehending a suspect. Note the direction of travel of any offender or vehicle, and report these to the police. If using the safety app, pictures or video can be transmitted directly to the OSU Police Department and the caller/user can remain anonymous if desired.

3. **Preserve the crime scene:**
   Do not touch any items involved in the incident. Close off the area and do not allow anyone in the crime area until police arrive.

TYPES OF CRIMES REPORTED TO POLICE:

SEXUAL ASSAULT: If you have been sexually assaulted, you should seek medical treatment immediately, regardless of whether you report the matter to the police. In order to preserve the physical evidence, do not bathe, douche, use the toilet or change clothing. If you are a sexual assault victim, it is best to report it to the police as soon as you are able.

TELEPHONE HARASSMENT: Obscene or threatening telephone calls should be reported to the police immediately. Other harassing phone calls should be reported if they persist. If you receive such a call, remain calm and hang up. Always record the exact time and date you received the call. This information will assist police investigators.

BOMB THREATS: If you know of a bomb threat, contact the OSU Police Department at 911. Notify your supervisor, department head or community mentor and wait for further instructions. Record as much information about the call as you can remember.

BURGLARY AND LARCENY: Property crimes are the most reported crimes on the OSU campus. To aid police in locating property, we recommend you always record the serial numbers of any items of value (such as computers, cellphones, televisions, etc.). In cooperation with the OSU Information Technology department, you now have an online Personal Asset Inventory available to you when you log into *my.okstate.edu*. The OSUPD also provides engravers to etch your Banner ID into property like a bicycle. If you feel you have been a victim of a property crime, report the incident immediately to the OSU Police Department at 918-561-1234 or use the Rave Guardian safety app. If you believe there is a burglary or larceny in progress, call 911.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY: The best thing to do when confronted in an assault and battery situation is to try to escape and immediately notify the police by dialing 911.

OTHER CRIMES: There are many other crimes that occur on campus. Generally, you should protect yourself and others and report information to police as soon as practical.

CRIME DISCLOSURE

Oklahoma State University policies and procedures require the publication of annual crime statistics. Included in this report are crimes reported to the campus police and other campus officials including, but not limited to, the OSU Health Care Center and Student Conduct. Community members may report crimes anonymously through Crime Stoppers. The Rave Guardian safety app also provides a mechanism to report crimes anonymously by using features within the app.

CONFIDENTIAL REPORTING OF CRIME

Confidential reporting is allowed at Oklahoma State University. If a person does not wish to report an on-campus crime or suspected crime to the police, that person may anonymously report it to the Crime Stoppers Program, speak to an OSU victim advocate or utilize the Rave Guardian safety app to make an anonymous report. OSU PD does not have a voluntary confidential reporting process because police reports are public records under state law. Thus, OSU PD cannot hold reports of crime in confidence. Confidential reports for purposes of inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics can be made to any campus security authorities. However, some of the CSAs are also Responsible Employees under Title IX, and they are obligated to share reported information involving sexual misconduct, domestic/dating violence and stalking, including information about the identity of the victim and accused, with the Title IX Coordinator. Reports to professional and pastoral counselors can be kept confidential.

REPORTING SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITY

- If you see any suspicious activity or persons on or near the campus, it is your responsibility to call the OSU Police at 918-561-1234, or 911 for emergencies, or use the Rave Guardian safety app.
- Do not assume what you see is an innocent activity or that another individual has already called the police. Do not worry about being embarrassed; rather, think about what could happen if you do not act. Wouldn't you want someone else to call if you needed help?

SUSPICIOUS PERSONS MAY INCLUDE:

- Someone loitering about at unusual hours and locations.
- Someone running, especially if they are carrying something of value.
- Someone exhibiting unusual mental or physical symptoms. They could be under the influence of drugs or needing medical or psychiatric assistance.
- Someone carrying property that might be suspicious, depending on the circumstances.
- Someone going from room to room, or car to car, trying door handles.
- Someone going from door to door trying to gain access into a building.

OTHER UNUSUAL SITUATIONS:

- Threatening statements, disturbing images or video posted on digital platforms that may appear to be a threat to the safety of an individual, group or the campus community.
- Open or broken doors or windows.
- Unusual noises — anything suggestive of foul play, danger or illegal activity.
- Someone sitting in a parked vehicle for an extended period of time.
- Vehicles driving slowly in a parking lot or parking garage at night.
- Any person not affiliated with the university community in an area not typically associated with visitors or the public.
- Do not assume the person may be a visitor or university staff that you have not seen before. Call the OSU Police Department immediately.

STEPS TO FOLLOW TO ENSURE THE SAFETY OF YOUR BICYCLE:

1. Engrave your student identification number on your bicycle, and keep a record of the bicycle serial number.
2. Upload a photo of your bicycle and record the serial number in the university's Personal Asset Inventory system.
3. Lock your bicycle at a bike rack.
4. Use a high quality "U" bolt lock and/or a quality chain or cable and lock. Place the chain, cable or lock through both wheels, the frame and around the bicycle rack. Take the front wheel and/or seat with you, if removable.
5. Always lock your bicycle when not in your physical control.
6. If your bicycle is stolen, contact OSU Police or local municipal police immediately.

JUVENILE CURFEW

The City of Tulsa has a Downtown Curfew in place from 9 p.m. until 6 a.m. for people younger than 18 who are unaccompanied by a parent, guardian or responsible adult. This curfew is in effect Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays until 6 a.m. the following day. Tulsa also has a citywide curfew for people younger than 18 from 11 p.m. through 6 a.m., Sunday through Friday and 12:01 a.m. to 6 a.m. on Saturdays and Sundays.

Exceptions:

- Individuals under 18 who are at work or who are going directly to and from work in Downtown Tulsa.
- Individuals under 18 who are attending an event. However, these individuals will need to leave the Downtown Tulsa area without any return stop as soon as the ballgame, movie, concert, recreational event or spectator event ends.
- Individuals under 18 who are with a parent or responsible adult.

Consequences:

Violators are subject to a fine not to exceed $200, excluding costs fees and assessments. The Court may require community service work prescribed by the Court in lieu of a fine.

CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITIES

CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITIES INCLUDE:

1. Any employee of the campus police department or campus security department of Oklahoma State University.
2. Any individual who has responsibility for campus security but who is not a member of the campus police department or the campus security department (e.g. parking enforcement staff, campus safety escort staff and special event venue security).
3. Any individual specified in the university's statement of campus crime security policy as an individual to which students and employees should report criminal offenses.
4. Any individual of the university who has significant responsibility for student and campus activities.

THE FOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS ARE DESIGNATED AS CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITIES:

OSU POLICE DEPARTMENT

- All sworn police officers
- All communication officers
- Public service officers

OTHER

- All communication personnel
- Physical Plant Services
- Facilities Assistant Director
- Engineer(s) on duty
- Office of Campus Life
- Associate Dean for Enrollment Management
- Director of Student Affairs
- Title IX Coordinator
- Deputy Title IX Coordinator

TIMELY WARNINGS

The OSU Police Department carefully reviews all reports of criminal activity and, when appropriate, warns the OSU community of serious crimes or threats occurring on or near campus.

Upon completion of reviewing all information, OSU may provide warnings to the OSU community. These warnings are typically sent through the Cowboy Alert system (text, voice, email and social media), and may be posted on the Campus Safety website located at *medicine.okstate.edu/police-safety/announcements*. Depending on the nature and level of the threat, other forms of media may also be used to disseminate timely warnings. These may be sent via voicemail or to campus email accounts. Timely warnings will be made as soon as is safely practical.

The OSU Police Department typically delivers information to university administration. Upon receiving information, administration will, without delay and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of any timely warning and initiate a notification, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgement of the responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to or otherwise mitigate the threat.

EMERGENCY NOTIFICATIONS

In the event of a campus emergency, Oklahoma State University may use a variety of tools to communicate to the campus and the public. Depending on the nature of the emergency, OSU may use all or some of the following:

- **TEXT AND VOICE ALERTS** — The "Cowboy Alert" system is available to all campus faculty, staff and students. You may opt in to alerts from every campus where you attend classes. Register your cell phone to receive a text message and/or voicemail through your O-key account at *okey.okstate.edu*.
- **SIREN SYSTEM** — The City of Tulsa tests their storm sirens every Wednesday at noon.
- **FIRE ALARMS** — Buildings at CHS are equipped with fire alarm systems and those systems can be used to communicate to the campus community.
- **UNIVERSITY GROUP EMAIL** — The university may send "urgent" e-mails to the entire campus providing notification and directions during an emergency.
- **SOCIAL MEDIA** — OSU may use Facebook, X and/or other social media tools to provide updates on campus closures or emergency situations.
- **CABLE TV/CAMPUS MONITORS** — OSU has the ability to override the campus cable system, providing emergency notification via the campus TV system in many university buildings.

- **LOCAL MEDIA** — Marketing and Communication Services works with local media — radio, television and newspapers — to help announce and update campus closures or emergency situations.
- **WEATHER RADIOS** — Various offices across campus have weather radios that provide the latest in severe weather information.
- **PATROL CAR ANNOUNCEMENTS** — Campus police vehicles are equipped with PA systems that allow officers to communicate during emergencies.
- **CALLING TREES** — Many university departments and organizations have calling trees in place to notify their employees and students of an emergency situation.
- **CAMPUS SAFETY WEBSITE** — You may want to bookmark *medicine.okstate.edu/security*, which provides links to a variety of safety information and will be updated with details during actual emergencies or campus closures.

In emergency situations where immediate action is required, OSU Police may activate sirens and employ other resources.

The Center for Health Sciences campus could be subjected to a situation requiring evacuation at any time. Because of this, the OSU Police and Safety Department has developed an evacuation plan in collaboration with a number of university and community partners. The plan was developed to outline an evacuation procedure that protects the health, safety and welfare of all students, faculty, staff and visitors. The authority to issue a campus evacuation order rests with the president of the university or designee and is based on the situational observations by the OSU Police Department. In conjunction with an evacuation order, the University Emergency Operations Center will be activated and will lead and manage the process. In addition to notifying the campus community, the university will also inform the local community as soon as reasonably practical. CHS Office of Marketing and Communications will coordinate all messaging to both on- and off-campus communities as well as media outlets. OSU's manager of emergency operations works with the university's Information Technology Department, the City of Tulsa and Tulsa County to maintain our emergency communication system(s) and schedules routine tests on at least an annual basis of each method available to the campus.

MISSING STUDENT NOTIFICATION

In accordance with Section 485 of the Higher Education Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1092(j), Oklahoma State University has developed this investigation and notification policy regarding students who reside in on-campus housing and have been reported as missing.

Any report to a university official or campus security authority indicating that a student is missing shall be referred immediately to the Oklahoma State University Police Department, and an investigation shall be conducted. If members of the OSU community believe that a student is missing, it is critical that they report that information to OSU PD by calling 918-561-1234.

Students are advised that in the event a student is under 18 years of age and not emancipated, OSU must notify a custodial parent or guardian within 24 hours of the determination that the student is missing, in addition to notifying any additional contact person designated by the student. Students are advised that for all missing students, OSU will notify the local law enforcement agency within 24 hours of the determination that the student is missing, unless the local law enforcement agency was the entity that made the determination that the student is missing.

If the initial investigation determines that the student is missing, the following persons shall be notified:

1. *A confidential contact person designated by the student* within twenty-four (24) hours of the determination that the student is missing. Students have the option of identifying a person of their choice to be contacted in the specific case they are determined missing. Students can choose to identify the same person as their general emergency contact or identify a different person who is more likely to know their whereabouts if determined missing (for example, a roommate, close friend or in-town relative might be more familiar with an individual's daily movements than out-of-town family or friends). Their choice can be entered as a Confidential Contact and kept updated on their O-Key account services page at *okey.okstate.edu*. When students are informed of their option to provide a confidential contact, they are advised that their contact information shall be considered confidential and is only to be accessed by authorized university officials and to law enforcement and that it may not be disclosed outside of a missing person investigation.This confidential contact person database can be used by any OSU student, whether they live on-campus or not.
2. *The student's custodial parent(s) or legal guardian(s), if the student is under 18 and not an emancipated minor and any other designated contact person within 24 hours.*

3. *Local law enforcement authorities.*
   The Oklahoma State University Police Department will work with other law enforcement agencies, if necessary, once a student is determined to be missing. Regardless of whether the student has a contact person, is over the age of 18, or is an emancipated minor, OSU will inform the local law enforcement that the student is missing within 24 hours.
4. *Others*
   University officials may elect to notify additional persons determined to be appropriate and consistent with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 § 1232(g).

IMPORTANT: Students are encouraged to share pertinent information with family and friends when leaving campus or taking trips. Sharing this information will enable university staff, as well as family and friends, to contact them if the need arises. In addition, students are encouraged to periodically update their emergency contact information in O-Key.

SAFETY

medicine.okstate.edu/security

HARASSING PHONE CALLS, TEXTS AND EMAILS

Harassment by telephone, text message, email or other means is both a nuisance and a crime. It will not be tolerated on any Oklahoma State University campus.

IF YOU ARE A VICTIM OF TELEPHONE HARASSMENT, PLEASE FOLLOW THESE STEPS:

1. As soon as you realize the nature of the call, **HANG UP.** Remain calm.
2. Do not talk or try to discover the caller's identity.
3. If calling persists, or if any call is obscene or threatening, call OSU Police at 405-744-6523 (STW) or 918-561-1234 (CHS/Tulsa), or use the Rave Guardian safety app. If off-campus, call the law enforcement agency within the jurisdiction you are located and report the activity.
4. If calling persists, keep a time log of calls received, what was said by all parties and a description of the voice.

IF YOU ARE A VICTIM OF HARASSMENT VIA TEXT MESSAGING OR EMAIL, FOLLOW THESE STEPS:

1. Do not attempt to respond or otherwise interact with the suspect once an initial notification to cease messaging has been made.
2. Do not delete the messages; they will be important as evidence during an investigation.
3. Contact the OSU Police to file a report, or contact your local law enforcement agency if you are off-campus.
4. Keep a log of the message dates and times to aid in retrieving messages as evidence when filing a report.

MEDICAL EMERGENCIES

STEPS TO TAKE IN MEDICAL EMERGENCIES:

1. Do not move the patient unless his or her life is in danger.
2. Have someone stay with the patient until help arrives.
3. Call 911. Tell them your name, your exact location, and a brief description of the problem. Do not hang up until told to do so.
4. Meet emergency personnel to guide them to the patient.

MEDICAL ILLNESS AND MINOR INJURIES

The OSU Health Care Center, located at 2345 Southwest Boulevard in Tulsa, is a primary outpatient health care facility designed to provide cost-effective health care and health information to students at Oklahoma State University.

ELIGIBILITY

Students who are currently enrolled at Oklahoma State University and who have paid the required Student Health Fee are eligible. Non-enrolled spouses of students can also use all services offered at the clinic by paying the health fee. Students who have questions concerning eligibility can contact the OSU Health Care Center at 918-582-1980.

HOURS ACCESSIBLE:

Monday through Friday 8 a.m.-5 p.m. throughout the year (except during university closures such as holidays and weather closures).

OSU HEALTH CARE CENTER PROVIDES:

1. Outpatient services for students, including all state required immunizations.
2. Pharmacy, x-ray and laboratory services.
3. Women's Clinic by appointment.
4. Allergy injections by appointment.
5. Consultations and referrals to other medical specialties.

For appointments call 918-582-1980.

For all other medical services or major medical emergencies, go to the Hillcrest Medical Center Emergency Room, located at 1120 S. Utica Ave in Tulsa or call 918-579-1000 for further information.

NATURAL DISASTERS

The following information is offered as a guideline to aid you in determining what action you should take in the event of severe weather.

Tornado **WATCH:** Conditions are such that storms capable of producing a tornado may develop.

Tornado **WARNING:** Either a tornado has been sighted or, in cases of limited visibility it is highly probable that one has developed or is imminent. A warning will be signaled by the storm warning sirens.

The **TORNADO TAKE COVER SIGNAL** is a 3- to 5-minute STEADY sound on the storm sirens. This signal will sound on the large sirens located throughout the city. If the sirens sound again, it is further warning — **NOT** an all-clear signal.

NOTE: The City of Tulsa tests storm sirens every Wednesday at noon.

When the National Weather Service issues a **"TORNADO WARNING"** for a possible tornado within a 10-mile radius of the campus, an automatic **"COWBOY ALERT"** text message is sent.

Persons should seek **IMMEDIATE** refuge in a basement or lower floor, interior corridors or interior rooms. If you are in an open-span area such as a gymnasium, auditorium or warehouse, go to the wall farthest from windows or glass, crouch down against the wall and protect your head with your arms. **STAY AWAY** from windows and exterior doors. If caught outside a building, lie flat on the ground, face down, preferably in a ditch or depression, but be alert for flash floods.

OSU Police will open designated **"SEVERE WEATHER REFUGE"** areas in case of storm activity after regular hours. Use caution when traveling to these buildings. A list of designated **"SEVERE WEATHER REFUGE LOCATIONS"** areas can be found at *medicine.okstate.edu/police-safety/weather*.

Persons with disabilities and who are mobility impaired must also make plans. If a power outage occurs during severe weather, elevators may not work. Always go to an interior room or closet.

If local radio is available, keep tuned to KWGS (89.5 FM), KVOO (98.5 FM), KRMG (102.3 FM or 740 AM), KJSR (103.3 MHz), KOSU (107.5 FM), or KFAQ (1170 AM) for storm details. The **"ALL CLEAR"** signal is given over FM radio and **NOT** the storm sirens.

FACILITIES ACCESS

Oklahoma State University is comprised of many buildings that serve varied functions and satisfy the diverse needs of its students, faculty and staff. With the exception of Human Anatomy and Animal Labs, campus facilities are open to the public during the day and evening hours when classes are in session

When campus is closed, buildings are locked and/or key card accessible. Employees, students, vendors and visitors are asked to wear an official OSU photo identification card while on campus and at other campus-affiliated buildings and clinics.

It is OSU policy to lock the doors of buildings that are not in use. Many buildings have key or electronic door locks for after-hours security. However, when working or studying in buildings after normal working hours, it is suggested that individual offices be locked, based upon the assumption that unrestricted access to the building is possible.

Some buildings on campus are rarely locked, at the department's request, since students study and work on projects all hours of the day and night. Again, individual offices should be locked by the user on the presumption that the building is accessible.

PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

If a classroom, office or meeting space is physically inaccessible, OSU medical and physician assistant students should contact Brenda Davidson at *brenda.davidson@okstate.edu*. OSU-CHS Graduate Program students should contact Aaron Christensen at *aaron.christensen@okstate.edu*.

LOST AND FOUND

The OSU Police Department maintains a central location for persons seeking lost property. This Lost and Found is located in the Phoenix building located on 17th Street. Additionally, there are lost and found drop boxes in the Student Union (CAME), Tandy Building and North Hall. All buildings and officers are encouraged to forward any found items unclaimed after a certain period of time to the OSU Police Department Lost and Found.

Items turned into the OSU-CHS lost and found are recorded in a log and placed in a secured locker. Items left unclaimed for more than 30 days will be donated or disposed of.

Anyone claiming an item must be able to provide a description of the item or have a valid picture ID to claim the item.

Inquiries about lost and found property can be made by calling 918-625-8592.

TRANSPORTATION

SAFETY TIPS FOR VEHICLE OPERATORS:

- Always stop for pedestrians in crosswalks.
- Watch your "blind spot" for other traffic, such as bicycles and pedestrians, overtaking you when making right turns.
- Always behave in a predictable manner and use turn signals. Other traffic may not always see you or recognize your intentions.
- Oversized vehicles must watch for bicycles, pedestrians, and other traffic when turning.
- Always be mindful of the speed limit. The posted speed limits on campus are much slower than regular city streets due to the close quarters of campus and the high volume of pedestrians.
- The State of Oklahoma has a "Distracted Driving" law. This law prohibits a driver from using anything that would distract them from devoting their full time and attention to the operation of the automobile.
- The State of Oklahoma has also adopted a law prohibiting the use of a hand-held communication device to compose, send or read electronic messages while the vehicle is in motion.

PEDESTRIAN RIGHT OF WAY

Walking is a primary mode of transportation around Oklahoma State University, so it is important for pedestrians to remember that they are also subject to traffic control signals. While vehicles must yield to pedestrians in a clearly marked crosswalk or intersection, pedestrians must yield to vehicles when crossing anywhere else. Even though vehicles are required to yield, always remember to make eye contact with the driver before proceeding into the path of an oncoming vehicle. Pedestrians are also required by law to obey Pedestrian Control Signals (PCS) when crossing at an intersection where those are in use. Only cross at an intersection when the PCS signifies for them to cross. A green light for motor vehicles does not allow a pedestrian to cross if the PCS is present. Failing to use a marked crosswalk to cross a road between two intersections with traffic lights constitutes the illegal act of jay-walking in Oklahoma, and violators are subject to citation.

SEATBELT SAFETY

The state law in Oklahoma requires both the driver and the front seat passenger to have properly fastened safety belts when the vehicle is in motion. Because OSU is a public university owned by the State of Oklahoma, all traffic ways are considered public, thus requiring seat belts at all times a vehicle is in motion, whether in a parking lot or on a street. All passengers under the age of 13 are required to wear seatbelts or be placed in a child passenger restraint system, and the safest place for them is the back seat.

BIKES ON CAMPUS

In Oklahoma, a bicycle is considered a vehicle when operated on the roadway. As a result, bicycles are subject to the same responsibilities and regulations as autos. The same fines apply to motorists and bicyclists for traffic violations, such as failing to yield to pedestrians, running a stop sign or red light, going the wrong way on a one-way street, or riding on the wrong side of the road. Additionally, there are laws specific to bicycle operators, such as a mandatory white front light and red rear light if the bicycle is being ridden between sunset and sunrise and an allowance for only one person per permanently affixed seat. When operated on sidewalks, bicycles should be aware of, and yield to, pedestrian traffic. If a bicyclist chooses to use a pedestrian crosswalk, they must dismount and walk their bicycle across the street.

ELECTRIC SCOOTERS, KICK SCOOTERS, SEGWAYS, HOVERBOARDS, ROLLER SKATES, ROLLER BLADES AND SKATEBOARDS

As the use of electric scooters, kick scooters, Segways, hoverboards, roller skates, roller blades, skateboards and other motorized vehicles not legally permitted on public streets rises, guidelines should be followed. Electric scooters, kick scooters, Segways, hoverboards, roller skates, roller blades, skateboards and other motorized vehicles not legally permitted on public streets **ARE PERMITTED** on campus **EXCEPT** in the following locations (with the exception of university-issued Segways):

- On or in any university buildings, structures, stairways, sub-walks, elevated sidewalks, access ramps, steps, retaining walls, handrails or other architectural elements.
- On or in any planting area, grass area or seeded area.
- On streets open for vehicular traffic.
- Where prohibited by sign, OSU Parking or police officer.
- All parking garages

Whenever any person is riding on these modes, that individual must yield the right-of-way to any pedestrian, bicyclist or other mobility assistance devices for the disabled, and operate in a courteous manner and with due regard for the safety of others. The campus grounds, sidewalks, streets, parking lots and other areas are not designed for or intended to be used by persons riding roller skates, roller blades or skateboards. Therefore, persons using these devices must assume all risks associated with such activities. Roller skates, roller blades and skateboards are to be used on campus as a mode of transportation only. No tricks or extracurricular activities are to be done while using these items.

HOMELAND SECURITY

NATIONAL TERRORISM ADVISORY SYSTEM

The National Terrorism Advisory System, or NTAS, replaced the color-coded Homeland Security Advisory System. This new system will more effectively communicate information about terrorist threats by providing timely, detailed information to the public, government agencies, first responders, airports and other transportation hubs, and the private sector.

NTAS Alerts

After reviewing the available information, the secretary of Homeland Security will decide, in coordination with other federal entities, whether an NTAS Alert should be issued. NTAS Alerts will only be issued when credible information is available.

These alerts will include a clear statement that there is an **IMMINENT THREAT** or **ELEVATED THREAT**. Using available information, the alerts will provide a concise summary of the potential threat, information about actions being taken to ensure public safety, and recommended steps that individuals, communities, businesses and governments can take to help prevent, mitigate or respond to the threat.

The NTAS Alerts will be based on the nature of the threat. In some cases, alerts will be sent directly to law enforcement or affected areas of the private sector, while in others, alerts will be issued more broadly to the public through both official and media channels.

The NTAS Alerts recognize that Americans all share responsibility for the nation's security and should always be aware of the heightened risk of terrorist attack in the United States and what they should do. Oklahoma State University will strive to maintain a regular class schedule; however, the campus may find itself under a state of high alert necessitating increased security to help ensure the safety of all campus residents, employees and visitors.

When a state of high alert exists, OSU will strictly follow Homeland Security guidelines in implementing greater protective measures for all of those concerned. There will be an increased presence of police officers and security in and around all campus facilities, residence halls and classrooms. As conditions warrant, OSU's Emergency Operations Center will be activated, and key staff will assemble to make appropriate decisions for further increases in security measures.

It is a simple fact of life that people lose things. While frustrating at the best of times, the loss can be costly if the item lost was a set of keys or swipe card for a secure environment. This loss could be significant if the security breach leads to theft, vandalism or sabotage; but, it can be dire if it leads to a terrorist obtaining access to a secure area of a water treatment plant, a power distribution center or a biological or chemical laboratory. Any loss of keys or swipe cards should be reported to OSU Police immediately.

Everyone is encouraged to be especially vigilant about unexplained or suspicious packages in their areas. At special events or large gatherings, purses, packages and briefcases will be subject to search. Everyone should be prepared for emergencies and interruptions and review emergency and evacuation plans for their areas.

Please keep in mind that one of the objectives of terrorism is to frighten and disrupt activities of the university. To the extent possible, we want to continue normal activities of the University, but with a greater level of caution.

PREVENTION

ALCOHOL AND DRUG AWARENESS

Oklahoma State University seeks to encourage and sustain an academic environment that respects individual freedoms and promotes the health, safety and welfare of its students, faculty, staff and visitors. These participants are expected to know and follow the applicable laws and all university rules and regulations. Each person is responsible for his/her own behavior.

Oklahoma State University complies with the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act Amendments of 1989. This act requires that Oklahoma State University certify it has adopted and implemented a program to prevent the unlawful possession, use or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol by students and employees in order to remain eligible for federal financial assistance. In compliance with the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act, Oklahoma State University publishes information regarding the university's prevention programs related to drug and alcohol abuse prevention which include:

- Standards of conduct that prohibit the unlawful possession, use and distribution of alcohol and illegal drugs on campus and at institution-associated activities;
- Sanctions for violations of federal, state and local laws and university policy;
- A description of health risks associated with alcohol and other drug use and abuse;
- A description of available counseling, treatment rehabilitation and/or re-entry programs for OSU students and employees.

As set forth in local, state and federal laws, and the rules and regulations of the university, Oklahoma State University prohibits the unlawful possession, use, sale or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol by students and employees in buildings, facilities, grounds or other property owned and/or controlled by the university or as part of university activities. With limited exceptions, beer and alcohol are not allowed on campus. Since July 1, 2000, students who are convicted of an offense involving the sale or possession of a controlled substance may become ineligible for federal student aid. For the university's complete drug and alcohol policy, request the Oklahoma State University Student Code of Conduct or the Drug-Free Workplace Policy (Policy 1-1205).

The OSU Police has primary responsibility for the enforcement of state underage drinking laws as well as the enforcement of federal and state drug laws.

Any student or employee of Oklahoma State University who has violated this prohibition shall be subject to disciplinary action including, but not limited to, suspension, expulsion, termination of employment, referral for prosecution and/or completion, at the individual's expense, of an appropriate rehabilitation program. Any disciplinary action shall be taken in accordance with applicable policies of the university.

Drug and alcohol abuse programs are conducted each semester by OSU Alcohol and Substance Abuse Center, Housing and Residential Life, Department of Wellness and the OSU Police Department.

Other Resources

OSU ALCOHOL AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE CENTER
405-744-2818

REACH-OUT HOTLINE
1-800-522-9054

CRIME PREVENTION

Crime prevention is defined as the anticipation, recognition, and appraisal of a crime risk, and the initiation of some action to remove or reduce that risk. Many campuses around the country investigate and make public the nature and quantity of crimes, as well as how crimes are investigated. Oklahoma State University subscribes to that approach and further believes that the public should know how active the OSU Police are in crime prevention and detection. OSU has experienced success at reducing and preventing crime. Some of the notable efforts are:

- Emergency 911 dialing
- Rave Guardian safety app
- 24-hour preventive patrols
- Campus patrolled by uniformed officers on foot, bicycles, and vehicles
- Burglar alarms in key areas
- Custodial staff occupies academic buildings after hours and provides information to the OSU Police about suspicious activity or persons in or around the buildings
- Crime prevention seminars and presentations conducted each semester with staff and student groups
- Sexual assault prevention conducted on a continual basis
- Safe Walk escort service on campus
- Some parking lots and campus areas monitored by surveillance cameras
- Lighting surveys
- All new students required to complete online sexual violence prevention training.

- Faculty and staff are required to complete Title IX training yearly, either in person or online.

A common theme of all awareness and crime prevention programs is to encourage students and employees to be aware of their responsibility for their own security and the security of others.

In addition to seminars, information is disseminated to students and employees through security alerts, displays, videos, social media posts and emails.

In addition to preventing crime, considerable effort is devoted to crime intervention. All reported crimes are investigated immediately. Follow-up investigations occur to identify the offenders. Where multiple incidents occur, surveillance techniques may be implemented to help apprehend violators. When caught, offenders are dealt with through the Tulsa County court system and OSU Student Conduct, when appropriate. The OSU Police Department encourages the accurate and prompt reporting of criminal incidents, no matter how insignificant or small. Victims are encouraged to assist in police investigation and subsequent filing of charges. Through these measures, OSU will become a safer community.

To schedule a crime prevention visit or presentation, call 918-561-1234.

CELL PHONE SAFETY APP

Rave Guardian is a mobile device application for students, faculty and staff that is available in the Apple App Store and Google Play. It can immediately connect to the police no matter where you are, and has a format to make a report, a peer-to- peer text alert system, a way to request a Safe Walk escort on campus, a resource guide and a profile that can include pertinent medical information to assist in case of a medical emergency.

SAFETY TIPS

Oklahoma State University is committed to creating the safest campus possible. Personal safety is also the responsibility of each individual. Please take a moment to read the safety tips, always pay attention to your surroundings and if you see something, say something.

PROPERTY PROTECTION:

1. Lock your door whenever you leave your room for any length of time or when sleeping.
2. Secure your vehicle. Close all windows and lock all doors.
3. Never prop open any door.
4. Adequately protect all valuables in your room, such as wallets, jewelry, credit cards, cash, and computers. Do not leave valuables or cash in plain view.
5. Protect your books and put your name in them. Do not leave them in public places.
6. Do not loan your keys to anyone.
7. Never hide your keys outside your apartment or room. Do not put your name or address on your key rings.
8. Take all valuable items home with you during vacations.
9. When in a public place, keep valuable possessions out of sight. If you must leave an area for any length of time, take personal items with you.

PERSONAL SAFETY:

At home or in an apartment building:

- Keep your room door locked when you are napping or sleeping.
- Never let unauthorized persons come into your room, enter residence halls, or enter apartment security doors.
- Always ask to see proper identification.
- Never prop open inside or outside doors.
- Do not hide keys outside of your room or apartment. Do not put your name or address on your key rings.
- Avoid working or studying alone in a campus building.
- Never dress in front of a window. Close blinds or curtains after dark.
- If you are awakened by an intruder inside your room, do not attempt to apprehend the intruder. Try to get an accurate description of the intruder and then call the police.
- Any suspicious activity should be reported to the OSU Police immediately.

When driving:

1. Have your car keys in hand when approaching your vehicle so you can enter quickly.
2. Always check underneath your car upon approach and in the rear seat for intruders before entering your automobile.
3. Lock your doors and keep windows rolled up whenever possible.
4. Drive on well-traveled and well-lit streets.
5. Never hitchhike, and never pick up hitchhikers.
6. If someone tries to enter your stopped vehicle, sound the horn and drive to a safe area such as a convenience store.
7. If your vehicle breaks down, ask any person who stops to help to call the police. Do not allow any person access to you or inside your car. Roll down

your window no more than an inch. Be aware that an accident may be staged to provide the other driver an opportunity to commit a criminal act.

8. Leave enough room between your car and the one ahead so you can drive around it if necessary.
9. Call ahead when driving to your home or apartment late at night and have someone watch you walk from your car to the residence.
10. Limit distractions such as cell phones, and do not text and drive.

While walking or jogging:

1. Avoid walking or jogging alone, and try not to walk or jog after dark.
2. Avoid dark or vacant areas. Walk along well-lit routes.
3. Be alert to your surroundings. If you suspect you are being followed: Run in a different direction, go to the other side of the street and yell for help, or move quickly to a lighted area, a group of people, or a blue light emergency phone.
4. Have your keys ready when returning to your residence hall or apartment. Keep your personal or valuable items concealed and close to your body.
5. Avoid wearing headphones when walking or jogging. Always be aware of your surroundings and practice risk avoidance techniques.
6. Limit distractions such as cell phones and avoid texting.

SUICIDE PREVENTION

Oklahoma State University has dedicated programs and services that strive to protect emotional health and prevent suicide for our community members. These programs include strengthening mental health, providing support for substance abuse, and creating suicide prevention programs and systems. They also equip university community members with the skills and knowledge to help themselves and each other in the face of a mental health crisis. We encourage community awareness, understanding and action for young adult mental health.

Below are programs and services that aid in prevention and response to suicidal ideation of community members:

- **STUDENT COUNSELING SERVICES:** One-on-one confidential counseling sessions located on campus for students. Appointments are free and available between 8am - 5pm (office or telehealth). Call 918-561-1822 to book an appointment.

Below are programs specifically targeted toward community awareness and education of suicidal ideation and improved mental health. These programs are available throughout the academic year and sponsored by University Counseling Services, the Department of Wellness and health services.

- **QPR TRAINING:** The QPR program (Question, Persuade, Refer) is a national institute whose mission is to reduce suicidal behaviors and save lives by providing innovative, practical and proven suicide prevention training. The program works to identify signs of crisis and seeks to empower all people, regardless of their background, to make a positive difference in the life of someone they know. The university has many certified instructors who lead QPR workshops throughout the year.
- **CRISIS TEXT LINE:** Text HELLO to 741741 to receive help today. The Crisis Text Line serves anyone, in any type of crisis, providing access to free, 24/7/365 support and information via a medium people already use and trust: text messaging.
  - *crisistextline.org*
- **TIMELYCARE:** A virtual health and well-being platform designed for college students, TimelyCare offers 24/7/365 access to mental health support, medical care, and self-care tools — all at no cost to students. Services include on-demand support, scheduled visits, and wellness resources. No insurance required.
  - *medicine.okstate.edu/wellness/student-wellness/timelycare.html*
- **WELLNESS SUPPORT TEAM:** The Wellness Support Team (WST) is able to quickly triage students, residents, and employees, utilize diffusing techniques, and provide immediate assistance by offering helpful resources and arranging plans for support through a time of need.
  - *medicine.okstate.edu/wellness/student-wellness/wellness-support-team*
  - If you're worried about a friend or colleague, please complete the anonymous referral form at *okstate.forms-db.com/view.php?id=422070*
- **BETTERHELP:** The Department of Wellness and University Counseling Services has now partnered with BetterHelp to offer virtual and/or message-based counseling services for OSU CHS students.
  - *medicine.okstate.edu/wellness/student-wellness/better-help.html*

For more information about mental health visit *medicine.okstate.edu/wellness/student-wellness/resources.html*.

SUPPORTING STUDENTS IN DISTRESS

Are you concerned about the well-being or safety of a student? Have you observed student behaviors that caused concern?

If you see something, say something. The vigilance of all community members is critical in keeping the campus safe.

We are unable to mitigate a situation until we are aware of it. The university expects all members of our community to act quickly and responsibly if they hear or see something that is out of the ordinary. It is important to report any concerns, even if they seem minor. Do not assume someone else will call.

Most students will experience sadness, overwhelming stress, and/or crisis during their college years. These experiences will range in severity but can affect a student's wellbeing and success at Oklahoma State. You may interact with students who need assistance. Being aware of signs of distress and resources on campus can help in handling these situations. You play an important role at Oklahoma State University in providing resources to support student success.

For more information on supporting a student in distress go to *medicine.okstate.edu/wellness/student-wellness/resources.html*.

SEXUAL VIOLENCE INFORMATION

medicine.okstate.edu/security

JEANNE CLERY DISCLOSURE OF CAMPUS SECURITY POLICY AND CAMPUS CRIME STATISTICS ACT, AS AMENDED BY THE VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2013

Oklahoma State University prohibits the offenses of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking (as defined by the Clery Act) and reaffirms its commitment to maintaining a campus environment that emphasizes the dignity and worth of all members of the university community. Toward that end, Oklahoma State University issues this statement of policy to inform the campus community of our programs to address domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking as well as the procedures for institutional disciplinary action in cases of alleged dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking, which will be followed regardless of whether the incident occurs on or off campus when it is reported to a university official.

Oklahoma State University takes acts of sexual harassment and sexual violence extremely seriously and believes that one victim is too many. The following information, consistent with U.S. Department of Education Title IX guidance, provides details on the university response, resources and remedies to sexual violence. The university hopes that you will help us in our efforts to maintain a safe and productive environment for all members of our community to live, learn and be successful by uniting as a community committed to ending sexual violence and sexual harassment.

Sexual harassment and sexual violence are forms of gender discrimination not tolerated at OSU. Oklahoma State University strongly encourages victims to report all acts of gender discrimination. Additionally, students have the option of filing a formal complaint with Student Conduct as well as with the police. Please be aware that even if an individual chooses not to file a formal complaint, the university can still provide supportive measures, such as changing academic schedules and housing arrangements. These measures may be taken to provide safety for the victim in the educational setting.

Oklahoma State University does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, qualified disability, religion, sexual orientation, gender identity, veterans' status, genetic information or age in its programs and activities. Therefore, the university will address all complaints of sexual harassment, including sexual violence, the same, regardless of whether the complainant (person filing the complaint) or respondent (person the complaint is filed against) is of a protected class or sex.

Where it is determined that sexual misconduct is more likely than not to have occurred, university sanctions can include suspension or expulsion. Even if law enforcement and criminal justice authorities choose not to prosecute a particular incident, the university may still pursue the incident through the student conduct process. All student conduct processes are separate from law enforcement investigations. In instances where gender discrimination is not addressed through the student conduct system, the university still has the obligation under Title IX to take immediate action to eliminate the harassment, prevent its recurrence and address its effects, irrespective of formal legal processes.

More information and resources can be found at *1is2many.okstate.edu*.

DEFINITIONS

The following are definitions used by Oklahoma State University and include examples to assist in explaining the behavior. These definitions include Federal Clery Act definitions of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence and stalking.

SEXUAL HARASSMENT

Sexual harassment is conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:

A. A person acting on behalf of the University in a position of authority conditioning the provision of any aid, benefit, or service of the recipient on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct (quid pro quo);

B. Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the University's education program or activity;

C. Unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct that explicitly or implicitly affects an individual's employment, unreasonably interferes with an individual's work performance, or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive work environment.

Subsections (a) and (c) are not evaluated for severity, pervasiveness, or offensiveness, because such conduct is sufficiently severe to deny access to the University's education program or activities.

SEXUAL MISCONDUCT

Sexual misconduct is the term used to encompass Sexual Assault, Indecent Exposure, and Sexual Exploitation.

SEXUAL ASSAULT: An offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape as used in the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) program. Per the National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual from the FBI UCR Program, a sex offense is "any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim if incapable of giving consent."

A. Rape — the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim;

B. Fondling — the touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity;

C. Incest — sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law;

D. Statutory Rape — sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

SEXUAL EXPLOITATION: Conduct where an individual takes non-consensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for their own benefit, or to benefit anyone other than the one being exploited. Examples of sexual exploitation include, but are not limited to, engaging in voyeurism; sharing of pornographic or other sexually inappropriate material; the intentional removal of a condom or other contraceptive barrier during sexual activity without the consent of a sexual partner; and any activity that goes beyond the boundaries of consent, such as recording of sexual activity, letting others watch consensual sex, or knowingly transmitting a sexually transmitted disease (STD) to another. Allegations of sexual exploitation will be evaluated to determine if the meet the severe, pervasive and objectively offensive standard.

INDECENT EXPOSURE: The act of intentionally exposing one's genitals in public or in front of others, for the purpose of sexual gratification or causing offense. Allegations of Indecent Exposure will be evaluated to determine if the meet the severe, pervasive and objectively offensive standard.

STALKING

Stalking refers to one who engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for their safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress.

A. **COURSE OF CONDUCT** means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with a person's property.

B. **REASONABLE PERSON** means a person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.

C. **SUBSTANTIAL EMOTIONAL DISTRESS** means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

DATING VIOLENCE

Dating violence is violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with another person. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the following factors: length of relationship, type of relationship, and frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. Dating violence does not include acts that meet the definition of domestic violence.

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

Domestic violence is a felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by a: current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;

A. Person with whom the victim shares a child in common;

B. Person who is cohabitating with or has cohabited with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;

C. Person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred; or

D. Any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

For the purpose of complying with the requirements of this section and §668.41, any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting.

Domestic violence is a pattern of abusive behavior in any relationship that is used by one partner to gain or maintain power and control over another intimate partner. Domestic violence can be physical, sexual, emotional, economic, or psychological actions, or threat of actions that influence another person.

RETALIATION

Behaviors including but not limited to, intimidation, threats, coercion, or discrimination against a person who, acting in good faith, brings a complaint forward or against an individual who has participated in an investigation or conduct process because of their report or participation. For more information, see the Board of Regents for the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges Policy 3.06 Non-Retaliation.

CONSENT

Effective consent is informed, freely and actively given, using mutually understandable words or actions that indicate a willingness to participate in mutually agreed upon sexual activity. Initiators of sexual activity are responsible for obtaining effective consent. Silence or passivity is not effective consent. The use of intimidation, coercion, threats, force, or violence negates any consent obtained. Consent is not effective if obtained from an individual who is incapable of giving consent due to lack of consciousness, age, mental disability, or incapacitation due to the use of drugs or alcohol. This definition is used for the purpose of sexual misconduct policy.

PROCEDURES VICTIMS SHOULD FOLLOW IF A CRIME OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT AND STALKING OCCURS

A. If you are not safe and need immediate help, call the police. If the incident happened on campus, call the OSU Police Department at 918-561-1234. If the incident occurred elsewhere in Tulsa, call the Tulsa Police Department at 918-596-1100. If the incident happened anywhere else, call the law enforcement agency that has jurisdiction in the location where it occurred.

B. Do what you need to do to feel safe. Go to a safe place or contact someone with whom you are comfortable. You can call the **24-HOUR RAPE CRISIS LINE** at **918-743-5763** to get advice and discuss options for how to proceed.

C. OSU students can also call an **OSU SEXUAL ASSAULT VICTIM ADVOCATE** at **918-200-5595**.

D. Do not shower, bathe, douche, change or destroy clothes, eat, drink, smoke, chew gum, take any medications or straighten the room or place of the incident. Preserving evidence is critical for criminal prosecution. Although you may not want to prosecute immediately after the incident, that choice will not be available without credible evidence. The evidence collected can also be useful in the campus conduct process. Victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, stalking and dating violence are encouraged to also preserve evidence by saving text messages, instant messages, social networking pages, other communications and keeping pictures, logs or other copies of documents, if they have any, that would be useful to university adjudicators/investigators or police.

E. If you call the 24-hour Rape Crisis Line (918-743-5763), a sexual assault nurse examiner (SANE), a police officer and a rape volunteer advocate will be sent to the exam site. Go to the Hillcrest Medical Center ER, located at 1120 S. Utica Avenue in Tulsa to receive care for any physical injuries that may have occurred. While in the emergency room, treatment will be provided for sexually transmitted diseases and to prevent pregnancy if desired. These services are free of charge. If you choose not to obtain a Sexual Assault Nurse Examination but want testing or treatment for potential sexually transmitted infections, you can visit Tulsa County Health Department free of charge or University Health Services for low-cost options.

F. Upon arrival at Hillcrest Medical Center, you will be taken to a private exam area. A Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE), as well as a Sexual Assault Response Advocate (SARA) and police officer will be available for support. You will be examined by the nurse in order to treat any injuries and to gather evidence. Note: a sexual assault exam can be performed up to 120 hours (five days) after the assault.

G. With your permission, the Sexual Assault Response Advocate will support you throughout the entire exam, which will be performed by the nurse. The advocate will provide a packet of written materials that contains information about common reactions to sexual assault, follow-up medical needs and support services.

As time passes, evidence may dissipate or become lost or unavailable, thereby making investigation, possible prosecution, disciplinary proceedings or obtaining protection from abuse orders related to the incident more difficult. If a victim chooses not to make a complaint regarding an incident, he or she nevertheless should consider speaking with OSU Police or other law enforcement to preserve evidence in the event that the victim decides to report the incident to law enforcement or the University at a later date to assist in proving that the alleged criminal offense occurred or that may be helpful in obtaining a protection order.

INVOLVEMENT OF LAW ENFORCEMENT AND CAMPUS AUTHORITIES

Although the university strongly encourages all members of its community to report violations of this policy to law enforcement (including OSU Police and/or local police), it is the victim's choice whether or not to make such a report. Furthermore, victims have the right to decline to notify law enforcement. However, the Student Conduct and Office of Equal Opportunity will assist any victim with notifying law enforcement if the victim so desires. The OSU Police Department may also be reached directly by calling 918-561-1234, in person at 1111 W. 17th St. in Tulsa. Additional information about the OSU Police department may be found online at *tulsa.okstate.edu/police*.

INVOLVEMENT OF LAW ENFORCEMENT AND CAMPUS AUTHORITIES

If you have been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, you should report the incident promptly by calling, writing or coming into the office to report in person (if the victim so desires.)

STUDENTS should contact:

- Tina Tappana, Title IX Coordinator
  Human Resources
  Main Hall 1405, OSU-Tulsa Campus
  918-594-8105
  tulsa.titleix@okstate.edu
  eeo@okstate.edu

EMPLOYEES should contact:

- Tina Tappana, Title IX Coordinator
  Human Resources
  Main Hall 1405, OSU-Tulsa Campus
  918-594-8105
  tulsa.titleix@okstate.edu
  eeo@okstate.edu

Reports of all domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking made to OSU Police will automatically be referred to the Title IX Coordinator and Deputy Coordinator for investigation regardless of if the complainant chooses to pursue criminal charges.

PROCEDURES THE UNIVERSITY WILL FOLLOW WHEN A CRIME OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT AND STALKING IS REPORTED

The University has procedures in place that serve to be sensitive to victims who report domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking, including informing individuals about their right to file criminal charges as well as the availability of counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, student financial aid and other services on and/or off campus as well as additional remedies to prevent contact between a complainant and a respondent, such as changes to housing, academic, protective orders, transportation and working situations, if reasonably available. The University will make such accommodations or protective measures, if the victim requests them and if they are reasonably available, regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to the OSU Police. Students should contact Tina Tappana. Employees should contact Tina Tappana.

If a report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking is reported to the University, below are the procedures that the University will follow:

Domestic Violence

1. Institution will assess immediate safety needs of complainant
2. Institution will assist complainant with contacting local police if complainant requests AND complainant provided with contact information for local police department
3. Institution will provide written instructions on how to apply for Protective Order
4. Institution will provide written information to complainant on how to preserve evidence
5. Institution will assess need to implement interim or long-term protective measures to protect the complainant, if appropriate
6. Institution will provide the victim with a written explanation of the victim's rights and options
7. Institution will provide a No Contact Order to all parties if deemed appropriate

Dating Violence

1. Institution will assess immediate safety needs of complainant
2. Institution will assist complainant with contacting local police if complainant requests AND provide the complainant with contact information for local police department
3. Institution will provide written instructions on how to apply for Protective Order
4. Institution will provide written information to complainant on how to preserve evidence
5. Institution will assess need to implement interim or long-term protective measures to protect the complainant, if appropriate
6. Institution will provide the victim with a written explanation of the victim's rights and options
7. Institution will provide a No Contact Order to all parties if deemed appropriate

Sexual Assault

1. Depending on when reported (immediate vs delayed report), institution will provide complainant with access to medical care
2. Institution will assess immediate safety needs of complainant
3. Institution will assist complainant with contacting local police if complainant requests AND provide the complainant with contact information for local police department
4. Institution will provide complainant with referrals to on and off campus mental health providers
5. Institution will assess the need to implement interim or long-term protective measures, if appropriate.
6. Institution will provide the victim with a written explanation of the victim's rights and options
7. Institution will provide a No Contact Order to all parties if deemed appropriate
8. Institution will provide written instructions on how to apply for Protective Order
9. Institution will provide a copy of the policy applicable to sexual assault and inform the complainant regarding timeframes for inquiry, investigation, and resolution
10. Institution will inform the complainant and respondent of the outcome of the investigation, whether or not the complaint will progress to a hearing
11. Institution will enforce the anti-retaliation policy and take immediate and separate action against parties that retaliate against a person for complaining of sex-based discrimination or for assisting in the investigation

Stalking

1. Institution will assess immediate safety needs of complainant
2. Institution will assist complainant with contacting local police if complainant requests AND provide the complainant with contact information for local police department
3. Institution will provide written instructions on how to apply for Protective Order
4. Institution will provide written information to complainant on how to preserve evidence
5. Institution will assess need to implement interim or long-term protective measures to protect the complainant, if appropriate
6. Institution will provide the victim with a written explanation of the victim's rights and options
7. Institution will provide a No Contact Order to all parties if deemed appropriate

SUPPORT SERVICES

OSU SEXUAL ASSAULT VICTIM ADVOCATES

Confidential service

OSU's Victim Advocate can confidentially provide students with information about on- and off-campus resources available to victims. OSU Victim Advocates can be reached at 918-200-5595. Learn more at *medicine.okstate.edu/hr/1is2many/victim-information.html*.

UNIVERSITY COUNSELING SERVICES

Confidential service

Oklahoma State University Counseling Services provides individual and group counseling services for those victimized by sexual or physical assault. Services are available to all Oklahoma State University students and their partners. Domestic Violence Intervention Services in Tulsa are also available to assist victims of sexual assault. See "Other Resources" for telephone numbers.

STUDENT CONDUCT

Cases involving students who are accused of non-academic misconduct might be assigned to Student Conduct. Persons found responsible for sexual misconduct could be suspended or expelled from OSU. You may obtain further information by contacting Student Conduct at 918-561-1950. A copy of the Student Code of Conduct can also be obtained at various locations on campus and at *campuslife.okstate.edu/student-conduct/*.

SUPPORTIVE MEASURES

OSU will provide written notification to victims about options for available supportive measures. Upon receipt of a report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking, OSU will provide written notification to students and employees involved about supportive measures available to them, including academic, living, transportation, protective orders and working situations. The written notification will include information regarding the accommodation options, available assistance in requesting accommodations and how to request accommodations and protective measures.

A. Assistance in Reporting: Support in filing a complaint with the university conduct process and the appropriate law enforcement agencies against the individual(s) who caused harm.

- **OSU COMPLAINT PROCESS:** A complaint is an official report to the university alleging that an OSU student has violated the Student Code of Conduct. You can go online to *medicine.okstate.edu/com/academics/policies.html* to submit a complaint online or to complete a paper complaint form.

If you have been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking, you should report the incident promptly by calling, writing or coming into the office to report in person (if the victim so chooses.)

STUDENTS should contact:

- Tina Tappana, Title IX Coordinator
  Human Resources
  Main Hall 1405, OSU-Tulsa Campus
  918-594-8105
  tulsa.titleix@okstate.edu
  eeo@okstate.edu

EMPLOYEES should contact:

- Tina Tappana, Title IX Coordinator
  Human Resources
  Main Hall 1405, OSU-Tulsa Campus
  918-594-8105
  tulsa.titleix@okstate.edu
  eeo@okstate.edu

Reports of all domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking made to the OSU Police Department will automatically be referred to the Title IX Coordinator and Deputy Coordinator for investigation regardless of if the complainant choses to pursue criminal charges.

- **POLICE REPORT PROCESS:** OSU-CHS strongly encourages individuals to report sexual violence and any other criminal offenses to the police. This does not commit you to prosecute but will allow the gathering of information and evidence which will preserve future options regarding criminal prosecution, institution conduct actions and/or civil actions against the perpetrator. A police report begins the moment you contact the authorities about a given situation, whether it be a crime that was committed earlier or a crime currently in progress. The OSU Police communications officer will obtain basic information from you about the incident and relay the information to patrol officers working in your area. You can have the officers meet you on scene or you can request they meet you at the police department in an effort to resolve the issue, document the facts of the incident and begin investigating the case if follow-up is required. By simply calling the OSU Police at 918-561-1234, the reporting process begins. The OSU Police Department, located at 1716 S. Phoenix Avenue in Tulsa operates 24 hours a day, seven days a week, including all holidays and university breaks.

Although the university strongly encourages all members of its community to report violations of this policy to law enforcement (including the OSU Police Department and/or local police), it is the victim's choice whether or not to make such a report. Furthermore, victims have the right to decline to notify law enforcement. However, the Student Conduct and Office of Equal Opportunity will assist any victim with notifying law enforcement if the victim chooses to do so. The OSU Police Department may also be reached directly by calling 918-561-1234 for OSU-CHS in Tulsa. Additional information about the OSU Police Department may be found online at *medicine.okstate.edu/security*.

B. **PROTECTIVE ORDERS AND EMERGENCY TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER:** These are court-ordered petitions that prohibit the respondent from contacting the complainant. To pursue a protective order, the complainant will need to complete the necessary petition during business hours at Domestic Violence Intervention Services (DVIS), located at 3124 E. Apache St. in Tulsa. Once the petition is completed, the complainant must file it with the Tulsa County Court Clerk. If the petition is granted, the complainant should keep a copy with them at all times. In addition, copies should be provided to each law enforcement agency where the complainant works and resides.

If a complainant needs a protective order outside of business hours, an emergency temporary protective order is necessary. On an OSU campus, an officer can assist with a petition and will seek approval for an emergency temporary protective order from a county judge. If granted, the officer will provide the complainant with a copy of the approved order to be kept with them at all times. This temporary protective order is only good until the next business day. The following day, the complainant will need to contact Wings of Hope for help with a protective order.

If the respondent violates a protective order/ emergency temporary protective order at any time or place, the complainant should immediately call 911 or the law enforcement agency that has jurisdiction where the violation occurred. On the OSU-CHS campus, call 918-561-1234. For violations occurring in the City of Tulsa, call 918-596-9222.

Oklahoma State University complies with Oklahoma law in recognizing emergency orders of protection and protective orders by: enforcement of the mandates prescribed within the order while within the jurisdiction

of OSU. Any person who obtains an order of protection from Oklahoma or any foreign protective order (protective orders from jurisdictions outside of Oklahoma) should provide a copy to the OSU Police. A complainant may then meet with OSU Police or Student Conduct to develop a safety action plan, which is a plan for campus police and the victim to reduce risk of harm while on campus or coming and going from campus. This plan may include, but is not limited to: escorts, special parking arrangements, changing classroom location or allowing a student to complete assignments from home. The university cannot apply for a legal order of protection, no contact order, or restraining order for a victim.

Type Of Order

- Orders of protection
- No contact orders
- Restraining orders
- Similar lawful orders issued by a criminal, civil, or tribal court

The victim is required to apply directly for these services. DVIS will assist in applying for an order of protection.

3124 E Apache St.
Tulsa, OK 74110
918-743-5763

Domestic Violence

Civil Protection Order — up to 5 years, can be renewed

Who Can File
Family or household members including:

- Spouses, former spouses
- Parent, child, foster parent
- People who have kids together
- Intimate partners who lived together in the last 5 years

Same sex couples are eligible

Court Filed In
Domestic Relations Court

- where victim lives
- where abuser lives or has a business, or
- where the incident(s) occurred

Based On
Causing or trying to cause injury or placing someone in fear of imminent serious harm. *(Courts use different requirements for how recent the incident must be.)*

Stalking

Protection Order — up to 5 years, can be renewed

Who Can File
Any person who is a victim of stalking.
No relationship with stalker is required.

Court Filed In
Common Pleas Court

- where victim lives (if family or household member, can be filed as DV Protection Order, see previous)

Based On
Pattern of conduct (2 or more events)

- closely related in time,
- that cause distress or make a victim believe the stalker will cause harm

Sexually Oriented Offense

Protection Order — up to 5 years, can be renewed

Who Can File
Any person who was a victim of a sexually oriented offense (see ORC 2950.01). *No relationship with an offender is required. Case does not have to be criminally prosecuted.*

Court Filed In
Common Pleas Court

- where victim lives

Based On
Sexual assault or unwanted sexual contact (see ORC 2950.01)

Juvenile

Protection Order — until abuser reaches age 19

Who Can File
Victim of abuse by a person who is

- under age 18, or
- the victim's parent, or
- other household member, or
- other parties the Court approves.

Court Filed In
Juvenile Court

- where victim lives

Based On
Assault, stalking, sexual offenses, threats of harm or aggravated trespass.

C. **NO CONTACT ORDER:** The University may issue an institutional no contact order if deemed appropriate or at the request of the victim or accused. If the University receives a report that such an institutional no contact order has been violated, the University will initiate disciplinary proceedings appropriate to the status of the accused (student, employee, etc.) and will impose sanctions if the accused is found responsible for violating the no contact order.

ACCOMMODATIONS AND PROTECTIVE MEASURES AVAILABLE FOR VICTIMS

At the victim's request, and to the extent of the victim's cooperation and consent, university offices will work cooperatively to assist the victim in obtaining accommodations. If reasonably available, a victim may be offered changes to academic, living, working, protective measures or transportation situations regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to campus police or local law enforcement. Examples of modifications include:

D. **SAFETY MEASURES:** Coordination of any reasonable arrangements that are necessary for ongoing safety. This includes transportation arrangements or providing an escort.

E. **ACADEMIC ARRANGEMENTS:** Assistance in adjusting academic schedules as well as providing access to academic support services.

F. **CHANGE IN WORK SCHEDULES:** Assistance in changing on campus work schedules to ensure safety and a comfortable work environment.

To request changes to academic, living, transportation and/or working situations or protective measures a victim should contact the following:

STUDENTS should contact:

- Tina Tappana, Title IX Coordinator
  Human Resources
  Main Hall 1405, OSU-Tulsa Campus
  918-594-8105
  tulsa.titleix@okstate.edu
  eeo@okstate.edu

EMPLOYEES should contact:

- Tina Tappana, Title IX Coordinator
  Human Resources
  Main Hall 1405, OSU-Tulsa Campus
  918-594-8105
  tulsa.titleix@okstate.edu
  eeo@okstate.edu

If the victim wishes to receive assistance in requesting these accommodations, they should contact a victim advocate at 918-200-5595. OSU Victim Advocates can also be reached by email at *advocate@okstate.edu*.

OSU will provide written notification to victims about options for available supportive measures. Additionally, the university will maintain as confidential any protective measures or accommodations that are put in place, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the university to provide the supportive measures. Any necessary disclosure of information will be communicated to the complainant in compliance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA).

UNIVERSITY-INITIATED PROTECTIVE MEASURES

In addition to those protective measures previously described, the Deputy/Title IX Coordinator or their designee will determine whether interim interventions and protective measures should be implemented, and, if so, take steps to implement those protective measures as soon as possible. Examples of interim protective measures include but are not limited to: a university order of no contact, residence hall relocation, adjustment of course schedules, a leave of absence, or reassignment to a different supervisor or position. These remedies may be applied to one, both, or multiple parties involved. Violations of the Deputy/ Title IX Coordinator's directives and/or protective measures may constitute related violations that may lead to additional disciplinary action. Protective measures imposed may be temporary pending the results of an investigation or may become permanent as determined by Oklahoma State University.

CONFIDENTIALITY

Victims may request that directory information on file with the University be withheld by completing and submitting a Buckley Form with the Office of the Registrar. The form is available for download at *registrar.okstate.edu/site-files/documents/request_to_withhold_directory_information.pdf*.

Regardless of whether a victim has opted-out of allowing the University to share directory information, personally identifiable information about the victim and other necessary parties will be treated as confidential and only shared with persons who have a specific need-to-know, i.e., those who are investigating/adjudicating the report or those involved in providing support services to the victim, including accommodations and protective measures. By only sharing personally identifiable information with individuals on a need-to-know basis,, the university will maintain as confidential any protective measures or accommodations that are put in place, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the university to provide the supportive measures. The university does not publish the name of crime victims or other identifiable information regarding victims in the daily crime log or in the annual crime statistics that are disclosed in compliance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act. Furthermore, if a timely warning notice is issued on the basis of a report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking, the name of the victim and other personally identifiable information about the victim will be withheld.

Any necessary disclosure of information will be communicated to the complainant in compliance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA).

ADJUDICATION OF VIOLATIONS

All disciplinary processes are separate from law enforcement investigations. Even if law enforcement and criminal justice authorities choose not to prosecute a particular incident, the university may still pursue the incident through the disciplinary process.

We want all participating parties to be knowledgeable about the process that occurs once a complaint is filed.

STUDENT CONDUCT PROCESS FOR ALLEGATIONS OF SEXUAL VIOLENCE

POLICIES

These policies are applicable to students accused of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking.

STUDENT CODE OF CONDUCT:
campuslife.okstate.edu/student-conduct/

FILING A FORMAL COMPLAINT

Formal complaints can be filed online, mail, email, or in person. Find the forms at *medicine.okstate.edu/com/academics/policies.html*. In order for disciplinary action to be taken, a formal complaint must be filed and the complainant must participate in the investigative and hearing processes.

PROCESS

The following describes the investigation process, the hearing, and the outcome of the hearing. Student Conduct staff will be available to explain the process as requested. The student conduct process will be a prompt, fair, and impartial investigation and resolution process. This means that the process will be completed within a reasonable timeframe and without undue delay. Usually, the resolution of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking complaints are completed within a reasonably prompt timeframe. However, extended time frames for good cause will be communicated to the complainant and respondent. The process will be conducted in a manner that is consistent with the university's policies and will be transparent to all parties. The victim that submits the complaint is referred to as the complainant. The alleged individual is referred to as the respondent. Lastly, the student conduct process will be conducted by university officials who do not have conflict of interest or bias for the complainant or respondent. University officials involved in the investigation or adjudication of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking complaints are trained annually on the issues related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking as well as how to conduct an investigation and hearing process that protects the safety of the victim and promotes accountability. Furthermore, each policy provides that:

1. The complainant and the respondent will have timely notice for meetings at which the complainant or respondent, or both, may be present;
2. The complainant, the respondent and appropriate officials will have timely and equal access to any information that will be used during a disciplinary hearing;
3. The complainant and the respondent will have the same opportunities to have an advisor present during the disciplinary hearing. The complainant and the respondent each have the opportunity to be advised by an advisor of their choice at any stage of the process and to be accompanied by that advisor to any related meeting or hearing. The University will not limit the choice of advisor or presence for either the complainant or the respondent in any meeting or disciplinary hearing.
4. The complainant and the respondent will be notified simultaneously, in writing, of the decision of any disciplinary hearing; and
5. Where an appeal is permitted, the complainant and the respondent will be notified simultaneously in writing of the procedures to appeal the outcome or disciplinary proceeding. When an appeal is filed, the respondent and complainant will be notified simultaneously in writing of any change to the final result once the appeal is resolved.

INVESTIGATION:

A. The complainant and respondent will be notified of receipt of the complaint.

B. A university official will separately meet with the complainant and respondent to discuss the complaint submitted, review the investigation and hearing processes.

C. An investigation will be conducted by a non-biased Investigator. This investigation will include meeting personally with the complainant, meeting personally with the respondent(s), meeting personally with any witnesses and reviewing any documentary information.

D. The investigation will be adequate, reliable and impartial. The investigator will compile an investigation report, which will be fact-checked by the complainant and respondent.

E. The university official will determine if a conduct hearing is possible based on the available information. If it is determined that the university will proceed with a conduct hearing, the complainant and the respondent(s) will be notified of the hearing date.

F. The complainant and respondent(s) are allowed one advisor to be present during the investigation process.

HEARING:

A. Hearing notification will occur at least 15 days in advance and include the hearing date, time and location. Hearings will be scheduled around academic schedules.

B. Allegations involving a complainant and respondent will be heard by the Student Conduct Committee Hearing Panel, which is comprised of a faculty member, a staff member and a student.

C. The hearing includes opening statements, presentation of the investigation report, presentation of information by complaint and respondent, questions to each party and closing statements.

D. Each party is permitted to have a person of their choosing accompany them throughout the hearing as an advisor. The primary role of the advisor is to aid each party in recounting their experience. If the case falls under Title IX policy, you are required to have an advisor present in the hearing to ask questions of the other party. If you are unable to obtain an advisor, the university will provide one for you.

E. Each party is permitted to be present during the hearing (except during deliberations). All parties can be in the same room in a pre-arranged, non-threatening location or in separate rooms with a video conference option.

F. The standard of proof used in all university conduct hearings is preponderance of the evidence, which means the determination to be made is whether it is more likely than not a violation occurred. This is significantly different than proof beyond a reasonable doubt, which is required for a criminal prosecution.

OUTCOME:

A. Possible outcomes include the entire range of sanctions listed in the *Student Code of Conduct*. When it is determined that sexual violence is more likely than not to have occurred, the outcome can include separation from the university.

B. Respondents and complainants will be informed simultaneously in writing of the outcome within two business days after the hearing.

C. Each party has the right to appeal the decision reached through the hearing proceedings within 10 business days after the hearing and they have the right to respond if an appeal is submitted by the other party.

POSSIBLE SANCTIONS:

Possible sanctions in an outcome could include the following restrictions: educational and behavioral change requirement, class removal, no contact order, restitution, conduct probation, conduct suspension and/or conduct expulsion.

EMPLOYEE PROCESS FOR ALLEGATIONS OF SEXUAL VIOLENCE

POLICIES

These policies are applicable to employees accused of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking. See interim Title IX policy: hr.okstate.edu/equal-opportunity/title-ix.html.

FILING A FORMAL COMPLAINT

Formal complaints can be filed by email (eeo@okstate.edu) or in person at Main Hall 1405, OSU-Tulsa. In order for disciplinary action to be taken against a university employee, it may be necessary for a formal complaint to be filed and for the complainant to cooperate with the university's investigative process. Employees may contact the Title IX Coordinator, Tina Tappana, 918-592-8105

PROCESS:

The following describes the investigation process, the hearing and the outcome of the hearing. The Office of Equal Opportunity staff will be available to explain the process as requested. The process will be a prompt, fair and impartial investigation and resolution process to be completed within a reasonable timeframe without undue delay. Extended time frames for good cause will be communicated to the complainant and respondent. The process will be conducted in a manner that is consistent with the university's policies and will be transparent to all parties. The victim that submits the complaint is referred to as the complainant. The alleged individual is referred to as the respondent. The employee process will be conducted by university officials who do not have conflict of interest or bias for the complainant or respondent. University

officials involved in the investigation or adjudication of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking complaints are trained annually on the issues of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking as well as how to conduct an investigation and hearing process that protects the safety of the victim and promotes accountability.

Furthermore, the policy provides that:

1. The complainant and the respondent will have timely notice for all meetings.
2. The complainant, respondent and appropriate officials will have timely and equal access to information that will be used during a hearing.
3. The complainant and Respondent may have their own advisor of their choice. If the complainant or respondent do not have an advisor, one will be provided by the university at no cost to either party.
4. The complainant and respondent will be notified in writing upon the conclusion of an investigation with the name and contact information of a trained decision maker assigned to conduct the hearing as well as written information regarding the hearing process.
5. Where an appeal is permitted, the complainant and respondent will be notified in writing of the procedures to appeal the outcome. When an appeal is filed, the complainant and respondent will be notified in writing of any change in the outcome once the appeal is resolved.

INVESTIGATION:

A. The complainant and respondent will be notified of receipt of the complaint. When the respondent is an employee, the notice will also be provided to the respondent's supervisor and the appropriate senior administrator, with sensitivity to protect the privacy of the complainant and respondent. The notice will detail the allegations, the specific alleged policy violation(s), and will include information related to the *Board of Regents for the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges Policy, 3.06, Non-Retaliation*.

B. The complainant and the respondent are allowed to have an advisor present during the investigation process.

C. A non-biased investigator will conduct an adequate, reliable and impartial investigation. This investigation will include meeting with the complainant, meeting with the respondent, meeting with witnesses and reviewing any documentary information.

D. Upon conclusion of the investigation, the complainant and the respondent will be provided with the investigation report, and both the complainant and the respondent will have 10 business days to confirm the accuracy of the report and provide feedback to the investigator.

HEARING:

A. Upon conclusion of the investigation, the complainant and the respondent will be notified in writing with the name and contact information of the decision maker assigned to conduct the live hearing that will be recorded by audio- or audio-visual means. Each party is present for the hearing in the same room in a pre-arranged non-threatening location, or in separate rooms with a video conference option.

B. The complainant and the respondent will be notified of the scheduled date, time, location of the hearing and written information of the hearing process. The complainant and respondent may provide the decision maker with the name and contact information of their advisor, supporting evidence and a list of witnesses within 10 days of receipt of the hearing notification.

C. The decision maker will set forth the rules of procedure for the hearing. The complainant and the respondent are allowed a reasonable time to present their opening statement and to ask relevant questions to their respective witnesses. Cross-examination must be conducted by the other party's advisor.

D. The decision maker will determine the relevance of questions and may also ask questions of the complainant, respondent and witnesses for clarification.

E. The standard of evidence to be used to make a determination is the preponderance of the evidence, which means the determination to be made is whether it is more likely than not a violation has occurred. This is significantly different from proof beyond a reasonable doubt, which is required for criminal prosecution.

OUTCOME:

A. Following the hearing, the decision maker will issue a written determination within five (5) business days. If more time is required to issue the determination, the decision maker will notify the parties.

B. The decision maker's document will include the allegations made against the respondent, description of the procedures, notifications made to parties, interviews, hearings and findings of facts that support the determination. The document will also include an explanation of the result of each allegation and a determination as to whether the respondent did or did not violate policy.

C. The complainant and the respondent will be notified of any disciplinary actions/sanctions against the respondent and remedies provided to the complainant. Copies of the written determination are provided to both parties, and their respective department heads to include the deans, the provost's office, and /or vice presidents.

D. The complainant and the respondent will be provided with written procedures and bases for appeal. The determination will become final one (1) day after the appeal deadline.

POSSIBLE SANCTIONS:

If the decision maker determines the respondent is deemed responsible by a preponderance of the evidence, possible sanctions include corrective action up to termination of employment as referenced in *Oklahoma State University Policies and Procedures 3-0720, Corrective Actions and Dismissals for Staff*, or in the case of faculty, as referenced in the department's faculty handbook.

ON- AND OFF-CAMPUS RESOURCES

Sexual harassment and sexual violence can be emotionally disruptive, and it takes time to come to terms with such major stress. In addition to support that may be found in family and friends, the following agencies and departments can serve as resources.

Upon notification or request, the university will provide to students and employees information about existing counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance and other services available for victims both within the university and in the community.

It is important to be aware that different individuals who one may contact for assistance following an incident may have different responsibilities regarding confidentiality, depending on their position. Under state law, some individuals can assure the victim of confidentiality, including counselors, medical professionals and certified victims' advocates. In general, however, any other university employee cannot guarantee complete confidentiality, unless specifically provided by law. Universities must balance the needs of the individual victim with an obligation to protect the safety and wellbeing of the community at large.

OSU will protect the identity of victims and other necessary parties. The university is required to complete publicly available record keeping data on crimes that occur on campus. In these reports, personally identifying information about the victim is excluded.

OSU SEXUAL ASSAULT VICTIM ADVOCATES

Confidential service

OSU's Victim Advocate can confidentially provide students with information about on- and off-campus resources available to victims.

918-200-5595 Call or text 24/7.
advocate@okstate.edu
medicine.okstate.edu/hr/1is2many/

COUNSELING RESOURCES

Confidential services

CENTER FOR HEALTH SCIENCES COUNSELING

918-561-1822
osuchs.counseling@okstate.edu
chscounselingservices.as.me/schedule/cc8a2776

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE INTERVENTION SERVICES (DVIS)

3124 E. Apache St.
Tulsa, OK 74110
918-743-5763
dvis.org

OTHER LOCAL SERVICES AVAILABLE TO VICTIMS

Non-confidential services

OSU POLICE DEPARTMENT

Tulsa Campus Police
1716 S. Phoenix Ave
Tulsa, OK 74107
918-561-1234
chs.security@okstate.edu

TULSA POLICE DEPARTMENT

600 Civic Center
Tulsa, OK 74103
918-596-9222
tulsapolice.org

OSU STUDENT CONDUCT

CAME Room D201
1111 West 17th St,
Tulsa, OK, 74107
918-561-1950

TITLE IX COORDINATOR

Tina Tappana, Title IX Coordinator
Human Resources
Main Hall 1405, OSU-Tulsa Campus
918-594-8105
tulsa.titleix@okstate.edu
eeo@okstate.edu

MEDICAL SERVICES

It is important to have a thorough medical examination after a sexual assault even if the victim does not have any apparent physical injuries. Medical providers can treat injuries and test for sexually transmitted infections.

OSU HEALTH CARE CENTER

2345 Southwest Blvd

Tulsa, OK 74107
918-582-1980
osumedicine.com/location/family-medicine-health-care-center/

HILLCREST MEDICAL CENTER (off-campus)
1120 S. Utica Avenue
Tulsa, OK 74104
918-579-1000
hillcrestmedicalcenter.com

Additional information on resources as well as educational information on sexual violence prevention can be found at *medicine.okstate.edu/hr/1is2many/*.

Also, reference *changingourcampus.org* for more information and resources.

VICTIM BILL OF RIGHTS

- Survivors shall be notified of their options to notify law enforcement and campus authorities, which includes the option not to notify such authorities.
- Accuser and accused must have the same opportunity to have others present.
- Both parties shall be informed of the outcome of any disciplinary proceeding.
- Survivors shall be notified of counseling services.
- Survivors shall be notified of options for changing academic and living situations.

When a student or employee reports that they have been a victim of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking, whether on- or off-campus, the university will provide a written explanation of the student's or employee's rights and options.

DEFINITIONS UNDER OKLAHOMA LAW

CONSENT: The term "consent" means the affirmative, unambiguous and voluntary agreement to engage in a specific sexual activity during a sexual encounter which can be revoked at any time. Consent cannot be:

1. Given by an individual who:
   a. is asleep or is mentally or physically incapacitated either through the effect of drugs or alcohol or for any other reason, or
   b. is under duress, threat, coercion or force; or
2. Inferred under circumstances in which consent is not clear including, but not limited to:
   a. the absence of an individual saying "no" or "stop", or
   b. the existence of a prior or current relationship or sexual activity.

21 Okla. Stat. § 113 (effective June 6, 2016).

DATING VIOLENCE is not defined by the state of Oklahoma; however, violence against a person with whom the perpetrator is in a dating relationship is considered domestic violence, defined below. A *dating relationship* is defined as: an intimate association, primarily characterized by affectionate or sexual involvement. For purposes of this act, a casual acquaintance or ordinary fraternization between persons in a business or social context shall not constitute a dating relationship.

22 Okla. Stat. § 60.1.

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE is not defined in Oklahoma law. However, the criminal definition of domestic abuse is defined as: Any act of physical harm, or the threat of imminent physical harm which is committed by an adult, emancipated minor, or minor child thirteen (13) years of age or older against another adult, emancipated minor or minor child who is currently or was previously an intimate partner or family or household member. "Family or household members" means: (a) parents, including grandparents, stepparents, adoptive parents and foster parents, (b) children, including grandchildren, stepchildren, adopted children and foster children, and (c) persons otherwise related by blood or marriage living in the same household. "Intimate partner" means: (a) current or former spouses, (b) persons who are or were in a dating relationship, (c) persons who are the biological parents of the same child, regardless of their marital status or whether they have lived together at any time, and (d) persons who currently or formerly lived together in an intimate way, primarily characterized by affectionate or sexual involvement. A sexual relationship may be an indicator that a person is an intimate partner, but is never a necessary condition.

21 Okla. Stat. § 644.

SEXUAL ASSAULT

A. Rape, or rape by instrumentation, as defined in Sections 1111, 1111.1 and 1114 of [Title 21], or

B. Forcible sodomy, as defined in Section 888 of [Title 21].

21 Okla. Stat. § 142.20.

RAPE (AS USED IN THE DEFINITION FOR "SEXUAL ASSAULT")

A. Rape is an act of sexual intercourse involving vaginal or anal penetration accomplished with a male or female who is not the spouse of the perpetrator and who may be of the same or the opposite sex as the perpetrator under any of the following circumstances:

1. Where the victim is under sixteen (16) years of age;

2. Where the victim is incapable through mental illness or any other unsoundness of mind, whether temporary or permanent, of giving legal consent;
3. Where force or violence is used or threatened, accompanied by apparent power of execution to the victim or to another person;
4. Where the victim is intoxicated by a narcotic or anesthetic agent, administered by or with the privity of the accused as a means of forcing the victim to submit;
5. Where the victim is at the time unconscious of the nature of the act and this fact is known to the accused;
6. Where the victim submits to sexual intercourse under the belief that the person committing the act is a spouse, and this belief is induced by artifice, pretense, or concealment practiced by the accused or by the accused in collusion with the spouse with intent to induce that belief. In all cases of collusion between the accused and the spouse to accomplish such act, both the spouse and the accused, upon conviction, shall be deemed guilty of rape;
7. Where the victim is under the legal custody or supervision of a state agency, a federal agency, a county, a municipality or a political subdivision and engages in sexual intercourse with a state, federal, county, municipal or political subdivision employee or an employee of a contractor of the state, the federal government, a county, a municipality or a political subdivision that exercises authority over the victim; or the subcontractor or employee of a subcontractor of the state or federal government, a county, a municipality or a political subdivision that exercises authority over the victim;
8. Where the victim is at least sixteen (16) years of age and is less than twenty (20) years of age and is a student, or under the legal custody or supervision of any public or private elementary or secondary school, junior high or high school, or public vocational school, and engages in sexual intercourse with a person who is eighteen (18) years of age or older and is an employee of the same school system; or
9. Where the victim is nineteen (19) years of age or younger and is in the legal custody of a state agency, federal agency or tribal court and engages in sexual intercourse with a foster parent or foster parent applicant.

B. Rape is an act of sexual intercourse a ccomplished with a male or female who is the spouse of the perpetrator if force or violence is used or threatened, accompanied by apparent power of execution to the victim or to another person.

21 Okla. Stat. § 1111

RAPE BY INSTRUMENTATION (AS USED IN THE DEFINITION FOR "SEXUAL ASSAULT")

Rape by instrumentation is an act within or without the bonds of matrimony in which any inanimate object or any part of the human body, not amounting to sexual intercourse is used in the carnal knowledge of another person without his or her consent and penetration of the anus or vagina occurs to that person. Provided, further, that at least one of the circumstances specified in Section 1111 of this title has been met; further, where the victim is at least sixteen (16) years of age and is less than twenty (20) years of age and is a student, or under the legal custody or supervision of any public or private elementary or secondary school, junior high or high school, or public vocational school, and engages in conduct prohibited by this section of law with a person who is eighteen (18) years of age or older and is an employee of the same school system, or where the victim is under the legal custody or supervision of a state or federal agency, county, municipal or a political subdivision and engages in conduct prohibited by this section of law with a federal, state, county, municipal or political subdivision employee or an employee of a contractor of the state, the federal government, a county, a municipality or a political subdivision that exercises authority over the victim, consent shall not be an element of the crime. Provided, further, that at least one of the circumstances described in Section 1111 of this title has been met; further, where the victim is nineteen (19) years of age or younger and in the legal custody of a state agency, federal agency or tribal court and engages in conduct prohibited by this section of law with a foster parent or foster parent applicant. Except for persons sentenced to life or life without parole, any person sentenced to imprisonment for two (2) years or more for a violation of this section shall be required to serve a term of post-imprisonment supervision pursuant to subparagraph f of paragraph 1 of subsection A of Section 991a of Title 22 of the Oklahoma Statutes under conditions determined by the Department of Corrections. The jury shall be advised that the mandatory post-imprisonment supervision shall be in addition to the actual imprisonment.

21 Okla. Stat. § 1111.1.

FORCIBLE SODOMY (AS USED IN THE DEFINITION FOR "SEXUAL ASSAULT")

A. Any person who forces another person to engage in sodomy, pursuant to Section 886 of Title 21 Oklahoma Statutes, upon conviction, is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for a period of not

more than twenty (20) years. Except for persons sentenced to life or life without parole, any person sentenced to imprisonment for two (2) years or more for a violation of this subsection shall be required to serve a term of post-imprisonment supervision pursuant to subparagraph f of paragraph 1 of subsection A of Section 991a of Title 22 of the Oklahoma Statutes under conditions determined by the Department of Corrections. The jury shall be advised that the mandatory post-imprisonment supervision shall be in addition to the actual imprisonment. Any person convicted of a second violation of this section, where the victim of the second offense is a person under sixteen (16) years of age, shall not be eligible for probation, suspended or deferred sentence. Any person convicted of a third or subsequent violation of this section, where the victim of the third or subsequent offense is a person under sixteen (16) years of age, shall be punished by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for a term of life or life without parole, in the discretion of the jury, or in case the jury fails or refuses to fix punishment then the same shall be pronounced by the court. Any person convicted of a violation of this subsection after having been twice convicted of a violation of subsection A of Section 1114 of this title, a violation of Section 1123 of this title or sexual abuse of a child pursuant to Section 843.5 of this title, or of any attempt to commit any of these offenses or any combination of the offenses, shall be punished by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for a term of life or life without parole.

B. The crime of forcible sodomy shall include:

1. Sodomy committed by a person over eighteen (18) years of age upon a person under sixteen (16) years of age;
2. Sodomy committed upon a person incapable through mental illness or any unsoundness of mind of giving legal consent regardless of the age of the person committing the crime;
3. Sodomy accomplished with any person by means of force, violence, or threats of force or violence accompanied by apparent power of execution regardless of the age of the victim or the person committing the crime;
4. Sodomy committed by a state, county, municipal or political subdivision employee or a contractor or an employee of a contractor of the state, a county, a municipality or political subdivision of this state upon a person who is under the legal custody, supervision or authority of a state agency, a county, a municipality or a political subdivision of this state; or the subcontractor or employee of a subcontractor of the contractor of the state or federal government, a county, a municipality or a political subdivision of this state;
5. Sodomy committed upon a person who is at least sixteen (16) years of age but less than twenty (20) years of age and is a student of any public or private secondary school, junior high or high school, or public vocational school, with a person who is eighteen (18) years of age or older and is employed by the same school system;
6. Sodomy committed upon a person who is at the time unconscious of the nature of the act, and this fact should be known to the accused; or
7. Sodomy committed upon a person where the person is intoxicated by a narcotic or anesthetic agent administered by or with the privity of the accused as a means of forcing the person to submit.
8. Sodomy committed upon a person who is at least sixteen (16) years of age but less than eighteen (18) years of age by a person responsible for the child's health, safety or welfare. "Person responsible for a child's health, safety or welfare" shall include, but not be limited to: (a) a parent, (b) a legal guardian, (c) a custodian, (d) a foster parent, (e) a person eighteen (18) years of age or older with whom the child's parent cohabitates, (f) any other adult residing in the hold of the child, (g) an agent or employee of a public or private residential home, institution, facility or day treatment program as defined in Section 175.2 of Title 10 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or (h) an owner, operator or employee of a child care facility, as defined by Section 402 of Title 10 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

21 Okla. Stat. § 888 (effective June 6, 2016).

STALKING

Any person who willfully, maliciously, and repeatedly follows or harasses another person in a manner that:

1. Would cause a reasonable person or a member of the immediate family of that person as defined in subsection F of this section to feel frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed, or molested; and
2. Actually causes the person being followed or harassed to feel terrorized, frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed, or molested, shall, upon conviction, be guilty of the crime of stalking, which is a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for not more than one (1) year or by a fine of not more than One Thousand Dollars ($1,000.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment
3. For purposes of this section:

1. "Harasses" means a pattern or course of conduct directed toward another individual that includes, but is not limited to, repeated or continuing unconsented contact, that would cause a reasonable person to suffer emotional distress, and that actually causes emotional distress to the victim. Harassment shall include harassing or obscene phone calls as prohibited by Section 1172 of this title and conduct prohibited by Section 850 of this title. Harassment does not include constitutionally protected activity or conduct that serves a legitimate purpose;
2. "Course of conduct" means a pattern of conduct composed of a series of two or more separate acts over a period of time, however short, evidencing a continuity of purpose. Constitutionally protected activity is not included within the meaning of "course of conduct";
3. "Emotional distress" means significant mental suffering or distress that may, but does not necessarily require, medical or other professional treatment or counseling;
4. "Unconsented contact" means any contact with another individual that is initiated or continued without the consent of the individual, or in disregard of that individual's expressed desire that the contact be avoided or discontinued. Constitutionally protected activity is not included within the meaning of unconsented contact. Unconsented contact includes but is not limited to any of the following:
   - Following or appearing within the sight of that individual,
   - Approaching or confronting that individual in a public place or on private property,
   - Appearing at the workplace or residence of that individual,
   - Entering onto or remaining on property owned, leased, or occupied by that individual,
   - Contacting that individual by telephone,
   - Sending mail or electronic communications to that individual, and
   - Placing an objection,or delivering an object to, property owned, leased, or occupied by that individual.
5. "Member of the immediate family", for the purposes of this section, means any spouse, parent, child, person related within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity or any other person who regularly resides in the household or who regularly resided in the household within the prior six (6) months.
6. "Following" shall include the tracking of the movement or location of an individual through the use of a Global Positioning System (GPS) device or other monitoring device by a person, or person who acts on behalf of another, without the consent of the individual whose movement or location is being tracked; provided, this shall not apply to the lawful use of a GPS device or other monitoring device or to the use by a new or used motor vehicle dealer or other motor vehicle creditor of a GPS device or other monitoring technology, including a device containing technology used to remotely disable the ignition of a motor vehicle, in connection with lawful action after default of the terms of a motor vehicle credit sale, loan or lease, and with the express written consent of the owner or lessee of the motor vehicle.

21 Okla. Stat. § 1173.

PREVENTIVE MEASURES: PROGRAMS TO PREVENT DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT AND STALKING

The university engages in comprehensive, intentional and integrated programming, initiatives, strategies and campaigns intended to end dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking that:

1. Are culturally relevant, inclusive of diverse communities and identities, sustainable, responsive to community needs and informed by research, or assessed for value, effectiveness or outcome; and
2. Consider environmental risk and protective factors as they occur on the individual, relationship, institutional, community and societal levels.

Educational programming consists of primary prevention and awareness programs for all incoming students and new employees and ongoing awareness and prevention campaigns for students and that include:

1. A statement that the institution prohibits the crimes of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking (as defined by the Clery Act);
2. The definitions of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking according to any applicable jurisdictional definitions of these terms;
3. What behavior and actions constitute consent, in reference to sexual activity, in the State of Oklahoma;

4. The institution's definition of consent and the purposes for which that definition is used.
5. A description of safe and positive options for bystander intervention. Bystander intervention means safe and positive options that may be carried out by an individual or individuals to prevent harm or intervene when there is a risk of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking. Bystander intervention includes recognizing situations of potential harm, understanding institutional structures and cultural conditions that facilitate violence, overcoming barriers to intervening, identifying safe and effective intervention options, and taking action to intervene;
6. Information on risk reduction. Risk reduction means options designed to decrease perpetration and bystander inaction, and to increase empowerment for victims in order to promote safety and to help individuals and communities address conditions that facilitate violence.
7. Information regarding:
   a. procedures victims should follow if a crime of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking occurs;
   b. how the institution will protect the confidentiality of victims and other necessary parties;
   c. existing counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, student financial aid and other services available for victims, both within the institution and in the community; and
   d. options for, available assistance in, and how to request changes to academic, living, transportation, and working situations or protective measures;
   e. procedures for institutional disciplinary action in cases of alleged dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking.

Oklahoma State University takes acts of sexual violence extremely seriously and believes that 1 victim is 2 many. The university invites all members of the campus community to be part of the effort to maintain a safe and productive environment in which to live, learn and be successful by committing to end sexual violence and sexual harassment. It is important for members of our community to understand and receive consent, intervene by being an active bystander when necessary and support victims of sexual violence.

The 1 is 2 Many program at Oklahoma State University aims to reduce the incidents of sexual violence through on- and off-campus collaborations, student leadership initiatives, social norming campaigns and prevention education opportunities that raise awareness by promoting effective consent, teaching intervention techniques, reframing the campus culture, and supporting victims.

1 is 2 Many is a part of Campus Life and is overseen by one full-time employee, the coordinator.

PRIMARY PREVENTION AND AWARENESS PROGRAMMING FOR ALL INCOMING STUDENTS AND EMPLOYEES

Oklahoma State University prohibits acts of sexual violence such as dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking. To educate students and comply with the Violence Against Women Act, Office for Civil Rights federal guidelines and the Clery Act, all new students are required to complete online training on sexual violence prevention. A hold will be placed on each new student's account, which will affect enrollment for the subsequent semester, until the training has been completed. Training should take around 60 minutes.

To complete the training, follow these steps:

1. Go to *1is2many.okstate.edu/student-training.html*
2. Login with your Okey account information

All new employees are also required to complete a sexual violence prevention training provided by Title IX and the Office of Equal Opportunity. To complete the training, please visit *hr.okstate.edu/equal-opportunity/title-ix.html*.

Additionally, 1 is 2 Many provides education on sexual violence prevention to any group of students, faculty or staff upon request. Topics include, but are not limited to, sexual assault, sexual harassment, the conduct process for sexual misconduct, how to support a victim, bystander intervention, prevention strategies, and resources available for victims.

As part of these efforts, Oklahoma State University provides ongoing prevention and awareness campaigns for all students and employees. These programs are comprehensive, intentional, and integrated programs, initiatives, strategies, and campaigns intended to end dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. Oklahoma State University considers our own unique campus when designing these programs, to ensure they are:

- Culturally relevant
- Sustainable, so the programs can continue to benefit our campus community
- Responsive to community needs; and
- Informed by research or assessed for value, effectiveness or outcome, so we know they're working and ultimately benefiting the community.

Each year, 1 is 2 Many finds ways to get students and community members involved with prevention initiatives. 1 is 2 Many invites student leaders to get involved as Prevention Ambassadors. This student

group contributes to positive culture change by educating their peers about consent, rape culture, bystander intervention, support services, etc. The student group meets monthly to discuss sexual violence trends and work towards creating a culture of consent and care on campus. Prevention Ambassadors assist in creating and implementing programming that is culturally relevant and campus specific. Members volunteer at 1 is 2 Many events, assist with marketing, and plan and lead tabling efforts.

Each year, 1 is 2 Many offers several main events that are available to the campus community, including;

TABLING

Each month 1 is 2 Many engages with the student body by hosting a tabling event, where students can stop by, learn about the specific topic being discussed that day and receive resource products. Some topics from 2024 include: support resources, healthy relationships, consent, and New Student Online Training.

ADDITIONAL PREVENTION EFFORTS

Learn more about sexual violence prevention efforts at OSU at *medicine.okstate.edu/hr/1is2many/*.

Schedule a prevention education presentation at *1is2many.okstate.edu/get-involved/events/*.

BYSTANDER INTERVENTION

Be an intervener! Stop these incidents before they occur and talk to your friends about it so that they will intervene as well. Our goal is to change the culture on the OSU campus by creating a community of leaders and active bystanders.

The Bystander Effect predicts that people are less likely to help others when there are more people around a potentially dangerous situation. Below is the thought process someone needs to have before making a conscious decision to intervene. In order to intervene, someone has to:

1. **NOTICE THE INCIDENT** — Bystanders first must notice the incident taking place. It is important to become attuned to what situations may be risky (e.g. if you're at a party, and you see someone stumbling as they're being led into a different room, this is a risky situation).
2. **INTERPRET THE INCIDENT AS AN EMERGENCY** — By "emergency," we mean a situation wherein there is risk of sexual or physical violence occurring soon.
3. **ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY FOR INTERVENING** — It has been found that often, people believe that someone else will help in a situation where there are many people around. However, it is important to realize that others may also be thinking the same thing. If you're unsure if you should do something, ask a friend what they think — it might be that they've been thinking the same thing.
4. **HAVE THE BYSTANDER INTERVENTION SKILLS TO HELP** — There are several different techniques that someone can use to intervene in a risky situation.

When attempting to help, you should also think about the 4 D's of intervention:

DISTRACT — Find a way to distract the participants from what is happening. This could look like changing the subject, mentioning another activity like getting food, or others actions.

DELEGATE — If you are not comfortable intervening, find someone who is. You might call law enforcement or other friends, talk to the bartender, or talk to others around.

DELAY — If you are not sure you should intervene, try to delay the situation until you can get more information. This might look like going to the bathroom with a potential victim, turning on a TV, or other behaviors.

DIRECT — If you feel comfortable, the best way might be to directly intervene and ask those involved what is going on.

RISK REDUCTION

When students come to college, they accept new responsibilities, including taking appropriate measures to ensure their own personal safety. In combination with OSU's efforts to maintain a safe living and learning environment, the university encourages students to follow these safety tips to protect themselves.

Sometimes, especially in cases of sexual or domestic violence, safety tips can border on blaming the victim for not taking these steps to prevent their victimization. OSU wants to be very clear that victims are in NO way at fault for anything that happened to them, regardless of the circumstances. So, these safety tips are a great resource but should never be reason for placing blame on victims.

At home or in your apartment:

- Never prop open inside or outside doors.
- Never let unauthorized persons come into your room, enter residence halls, or enter apartment security doors. Always ask to see proper identification.
- Never hide your keys outside your apartment or room. Do not put your name or address on your key rings and do not loan your keys to anyone.
- Always keep your doors locked when you are napping/ sleeping or not in your room.
- Close blinds or curtains after dark and never dress in front of a window.

- If you are awakened by an intruder inside your room, do not attempt to apprehend the intruder. Try to get an accurate description of the intruder and then call the police.
- Adequately protect all valuables in your room, such as wallets, jewelry, credit cards, cash and computers. Do not leave valuables in plain view.
- Take all valuable items home with you during vacations.
- When in a public place, keep valuable possessions out of sight. If you must leave an area for any length of time, take personal items with you.
- Avoid working or studying alone in a campus building.
- Any suspicious activity should be reported to the OSU Police immediately.

When driving:

- Secure your vehicle. Lock your doors and keep windows rolled up whenever possible.
- Carry your car keys when approaching your vehicle so you can enter quickly.
- Always check underneath your car upon approach and in the rear seat for intruders before entering your vehicle.
- Drive on well-traveled and well-lit streets.
- Leave enough room between your car and the one ahead so you can drive around it if necessary.
- Limit distractions such as cell phones.
- Never hitchhike, and never pick up hitchhikers.
- If someone tries to enter your stopped vehicle, sound the horn and drive to a safe area such as a convenience store.
- If your vehicle breaks down, ask any person who offers to help to call the police. Do not allow any person access to you or inside your car. Roll down your window no more than an inch. Be aware that an accident may be staged to provide the driver who hits you an opportunity to commit a criminal act.
- Call ahead when driving to your home or apartment late at night and have someone watch you walk from your car to the residence.

While walking or jogging:

- Avoid walking or jogging alone, and try not to walk or jog after dark.
- Avoid dark or vacant areas. Walk along well-lit routes.
- Be alert to your surroundings. If you suspect you are being followed: Run in a different direction, go to the other side of the street and yell for help, or move quickly to a lit area, a group of people, or a blue light emergency phone.
- Avoid wearing headphones when walking or jogging. Always be aware of your surroundings and practice risk avoidance techniques.
- Have your keys ready when returning to your residence hall or apartment. Keep your personal or valuable items concealed and close to your body.

Socially:

- Do not give out your personal information including phone number, email address, social media username, etc. to individuals you have not developed a level of trust with.
- Do not put your daily schedule, phone number, or address online.
- If you perceive communication from another individual to be inappropriate, it makes you uncomfortable, or is threatening do not respond.
- Make sure you trust any online website with which you choose to share your personal information (especially financial information like credit cards).
- Before going to a party where alcohol will be present, make a plan, know your limits, and appoint a sober driver. Stay and leave with the friends you came with.
- Make your own drink and keep your drink in your hands at all times.
- If someone is pressuring you into drinking, remove yourself from the situation.

SEX OFFENDER REGISTRATION

In accordance with applicable state and federal laws, information about registered sex offenders who may be attending or working at OSU is available to the campus community at *sors.doc.ok.gov/ords/svorp/sors/r/sors/public-search*.

Information on any sex offender who works for, attends, or lives on property owned by OSU-CHS can be found at:

sheriffalerts.com
cherokee.nsopw.gov
tulsapolice.org
cityoftahlequah.com

HAZING

STOP CAMPUS HAZING ACT

The Stop Campus Hazing Act (SCHA) is federal legislation signed into law in December 2024. The federal law enhances transparency and accountability in higher education institutions by expanding the Jeanne Clery Campus Safety Act. The act requires universities to publicly report hazing incidents in the Annual Security and Fire Safety Report and incidents with a finding of a hazing violation in a separate Campus Hazing Transparency Report.

Oklahoma State University is committed to promoting an environment in which all members of our community may participate in experiences and activities without compromising their health, safety, and/or rights. In furtherance of this commitment, and in accordance with state law and the federal Stop Campus Hazing Act, the University strictly prohibits all hazing activity.

Hazing violates the Student Code of Conduct and is inherently an act of disrespect. For more information on hazing, review the Student Code of Conduct.

DEFINITIONS

Oklahoma State University defines hazing as engaging in any action or activity that causes or is likely to cause physical or mental discomfort or distress that may demean, degrade, or disgrace any person, regardless of location, intent, or consent of participants, for the purpose of initiation, admission into, affiliation with, or as a condition for continued membership in an organization. Apathy or acquiescence in the presence of hazing are not neutral acts; they are violations of the Code of Conduct.

Oklahoma State Law classifies hazing as a crime, *Title 21 Oklahoma Statutes Section 1190.*

A. No student organization or any person associated with any organization sanctioned or authorized by the governing board of any public or private school or institution of higher education in this state shall engage or participate in hazing.

B. Any hazing activity described in subsection F of this section upon which the initiation or admission into or affiliation with an organization sanctioned or authorized by a public or private school or by any institution of higher education in this state is directly or indirectly conditioned shall be presumed to be a forced activity, even if the student willingly participates in such activity.

C. A copy of the policy or the rules and regulations of the public or private school or institution of higher education which prohibits hazing shall be given to each student enrolled in the school or institution and shall be deemed to be part of the bylaws of all organizations operating at the public school or the institution of higher education.

D. Any organization sanctioned or authorized by the governing board of a public or private school or of an institution of higher education in this state which violates subsection A of this section, upon conviction, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and may be punishable by a fine of not more than One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars ($1,500.00) and the forfeit for a period of not less than one (1) year all of the rights and privileges of being an organization organized or operating at the public or private school or at the institution of higher education.

E. Any individual convicted of violating the provisions of subsection A of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and may be punishable by imprisonment for not to exceed ninety (90) days in the county jail, or by the imposition of a fine not to exceed Five Hundred Dollars ($500.00), or by both such imprisonment and fine.

F. For purposes of this section:

1. "Hazing" means an activity which recklessly or intentionally endangers the mental health or physical health or safety of a student for the purpose of initiation or admission into or affiliation with any organization operating subject to the sanction of the public or private school or of any institution of higher education in this state;

2. "Endanger the physical health" shall include but not be limited to any brutality of a physical nature, such as whipping, beating, branding, forced calisthenics, exposure to the elements, forced consumption of any food, alcoholic beverage as defined in Section 506 of Title 37 of the Oklahoma Statutes, low-point beer as defined in Section 163.2 of Title 37 of the Oklahoma Statutes, drug, controlled dangerous substance, or other substance, or any other forced physical activity which could adversely affect the physical health or safety of the individual; and

3. "Endanger the mental health" shall include any activity, except those activities authorized by law, which would subject the individual to extreme mental stress, such as prolonged sleep deprivation, forced prolonged exclusion from social contact, forced conduct which could result in extreme embarrassment, or any other forced activity which could adversely affect the mental health or dignity of the individual.

What to do if you are being hazed:

- Stay connected with friends outside of your student organization. Organizations that haze may try to isolate new members from others who might question what they are going through.

- Talk with others about what you are experiencing and don't keep it a secret. Even if you made a promise or took a pledge to keep things a secret, you have a right to tell others what you are going through. You may prevent harm done to yourself or others.
- Seek guidance from your parents/ guardians, other family members, trusted friends, or other University officials.
- Refuse to participate in any activity that do not want to participate in that would be considered hazing.
- Band together with other new members that also refuse to be hazed. There is power in numbers.
- Leave the group if you want to. It may be a hard decision to make but walking away from hazing takes strength. Leaving a dangerous situation is not weak and doesn't mean that you aren't tough enough to "take it." Quitting when you are being hazed takes integrity and other values that are Cowboy Community Standards. There are likely others in the group that will leave with you but may need someone like you to take the first step.
- Talk to a healthcare provider or mental health professional to help you sort out what to do.

HAZING EXAMPLES

Hazing can occur at any point in one's membership experience. It happens most commonly during the new member period or just after someone has been initiated or becomes an "official" member. Although hazing may occur in an organized way via the chapter or entire organization, it is more likely that hazing will ensue among a small group of members. Hazing is always rooted in a power-dynamic and a need to exert power over others.

When you receive an invitation to membership you are considered deserving of membership and do not have to "earn" your way into an organization.

SUBTLE HAZING

Subtle hazing could be activities that are often accepted as "harmless" or "meaningless." There is often a power imbalance found between new members and other members of the organization and subtle acts of hazing are activities or attitudes that breach reasonable standards of mutual respect. New Members may feel like they must endure the subtle hazing to feel like they belong to the organization. Examples of subtle hazing include:

A. Requiring new members to perform unnecessary duties that existing members are not assigned
   - Mowing lawns, cleaning houses, serving as Designated Drivers (DDs)

B. Required calisthenics
   - Running, sit-ups, push-ups, other forms of physical exercise

C. Sleep deprivation

D. Assigning meaningless and often impossible tasks

E. "Greeting" members in a specific manner when interacting with each other on campus

F. Being required to carry around certain items

G. Restriction of communication

H. Setting of a curfew

The most common type of hazing on our campus is subtle hazing. These types of hazing activities are often overlooked and accepted as "harmless" or meaningless. They can be rooted in tradition or portrayed as bonding activities.

HARASSMENT HAZING

Harassment hazing is used to confuse, frustrate, or cause unnecessary stress for new members. This behavior has the potential to cause emotional anguish and/or physical discomfort. Examples of harassment hazing include:

A. Yelling or screaming

B. Personal servitude or chores

C. Lineups for the purpose of interrogating, demeaning, or intimidating

D. Wearing embarrassing or uncomfortable clothing

E. Assigning pranks that involve stealing, vandalism, or harassing other organizations

F. Forced confinement

G. Being dropped off somewhere unfamiliar and being forced to find one's way back

VIOLENT HAZING

Violent hazing is behavior that has the potential to cause physical, emotional, and/or psychological harm. It is often the most extreme types of hazing. Examples of violent hazing include:

A. Capturing or kidnapping

B. Total or partial nudity

C. Forced sexual activities

D. Pushing, shoving, tackling or any other physical contact

E. Branding, cutting, labeling, or shaving parts of the body

F. Forced consumption of any liquid or food, including involving alcohol and/or unusual food combinations

G. Paddling or whipping

PREVENTION POLICY

Oklahoma State University is committed to maintaining a safe and respectful campus environment through the prevention of hazing in all forms. The University policy strictly prohibits hazing by any individual or organization affiliation with OSU. Through on-going education and community involvement, Oklahoma State aims to eliminate hazing and ensure a supportive environment for all members of the Cowboy Family. This page includes a comprehensive list of research-informed university resources related to hazing prevention designed to educate and engage students, faculty and staff.

ONLINE HAZING PREVENTION TRAINING

Offered through Vector Solutions, this online training is available to students, faculty, and staff at Oklahoma State to better understand hazing, identify, and intervene. We recommend all student organizations complete this training. Access the Hazing Prevention training under "Social and Behavioral" training library. Each year, registered and sponsored student organizations' student leadership and advisors are emailed information about hazing policy and encouraged to complete the online hazing awareness and prevention training.

NATIONAL HAZING PREVENTION WEEK

In collaboration with Fraternity and Sorority Affairs, a committee of students and staff develop week-long outreach and prevention efforts utilizing resources from stophazing.org and hazingpreventionnetwork.org. National Hazing Prevention Week is the last week of September each year.

REPORTING HAZING

Concerns or reports of hazing can be reported using our online reporting form. Please be as detailed as possible when completing this form as all information is important in order for the Office of Student Conduct to properly follow-up with the allegation. We may follow up with you after you submit a report to gather more information or provide resources. While reports may be submitted anonymously, please note that this may limit our ability to follow up with you and gather more information about the allegation. To the best extent possible, we will keep reports anonymous.

If you are in an emergency situation, dial 911.

OSU STUDENT CONDUCT

Angela Bacon, Title IX Deputy Coordinator
Student Affairs
918-561-1880
chssco@okstate.edu

Hazing or suspicion of hazing can also be reported to the Anti-Hazing Hotline: 1-888-NOT-HAZE (1-888-668-4293)

INVESTIGATION AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Upon receipt of a report, the Office of Student Conduct will complete a prompt and thorough investigation. A thorough investigation includes soliciting additional information from the reporting party as needed, developing an investigative plan, identifying and interviewing witnesses, and gathering and securing relevant documentation. A staff member will then incorporate all relevant information gathered over the course of the investigation into a final investigative report. Student Conduct will then meet with the organization to determine if an administrative meeting or a hearing will be held regarding the allegations.

Alleged violations of university regulations where neither suspension nor revocation of the organization's recognition are a possibility are normally resolved through an administrative meeting between Student Conduct and the respondent's representatives to resolve the case. If an organization is accused of a violation where suspension or revocation of the organization's recognition is a possible outcome, the adjudication for the organization will be processed in a hearing.

A student organization and/or its members collectively or individually (when acting as part of the organization), may be held responsible for violations of the Student Organization Code of Conduct and, when appropriate, be subjected to disciplinary action. When a student organization is accused of violating this Code of Conduct, university policy (including but not limited to any violation of published university policies and procedures), local, state or federal laws, a complaint may be filed with Student Conduct. Officers, members and advisors may also be held accountable individually.

Upon receipt of such a complaint, Student Conduct shall investigate and meet with the organization to determine if an administrative meeting or a hearing will be held regarding the complaint. In cases where student health or safety is reasonably believed to be significantly jeopardized, the Vice President for Student Affairs, in consultation with the President of the university, may order an interim suspension of the activities and operations of a student organization for the period required to allow a thorough investigation and opportunity for administrative meeting or hearing.

An organizational event is any activity which reasonable observers would associate with the organization rather than the acts of some individuals who happen to be members of an organization. Behaviors that occur on any property associated with or owned by the organization or on an organization's social media account(s) will be

contributed to the organization. Factors which may be considered in determining whether the organization is responsible include, but are not limited to:

A. Event Planning

B. Publication of the Event

C. Attendance of the Event

D. If Alcohol is Present at the Event

Alleged violations of university regulations where neither suspension nor revocation of the organization's recognition are a possibility are normally resolved through an administrative meeting between Student Conduct and the respondent's representatives to resolve the case. If an organization is accused of a violation where suspension or revocation of the organization's recognition is a possible outcome, the adjudication for the organization will be processed in a hearing.

The following outcomes may be imposed upon student organizations when they have been found responsible for violating the Student Organization Code of Conduct. All outcomes may be imposed individually or in combination. Outcomes are imposed for the purpose of holding student organizations accountable for their actions and the actions of their guest(s), whether on campus or at any organizational activity. Failure to satisfactorily complete an outcome may result in a more severe outcome. While organizations have a pending outcome, they are not to be considered in good standing with the university.

1. Written warning
2. Restitution
3. Educational and Behavioral Change Requirements
4. Restriction of Privileges
5. Suspension of Organizational Recognition
6. Revocation of Organizational Recognition

Additional information about the investigation and resolution processes can be found in the Student Organization Code of Conduct.

TRANSPARENCY REPORT FOR CAMPUS HAZING AND ALL ORGANIZATIONAL CONDUCT

Oklahoma State University shares information about organizations that have been found responsible for violating university policies in accordance with the law and to equip students, parents, and stakeholders to make informed decisions about student organizations. Incident information is updated as cases are resolved. The report includes three sections:

1. Incidents Involving Hazing
2. Incidents Not Involving Hazing
3. Incidents Involving Grades

Transparency reports are available at *campuslife.okstate.edu/student-conduct/transparency-report*.

STATISTICS

REPORT OF STATISTICS

Oklahoma State University has been reporting its crime statistics to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) according to its Uniform Crime Reporting guidelines since 1971. The statistics are published annually in the "Crime in the United States" publication from the U.S. Department of Justice. The tables located on page 51, (Campus Crime Report) comply with Title II of the Federal Campus Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act of 1990 and 1998, and subsequent revisions.

Campus crime, arrest and referral statistics include those reported to the OSU Police, designated campus security authorities and local law enforcement agencies. When a campus security authority becomes aware of a crime, they are required to complete a report that does not contain any personally identifying information about the students or persons involved. The report is then submitted to OSU Police, who are responsible for compiling and preparing the statistics.

CAMPUS CRIME STATISTICS

The crime and arrest statistics reported are those that occurred within the jurisdictional boundaries of campus.

Crimes occurring on public property immediately adjacent to the campus are also reported when available. Crime statistics concerning other locations are available at the Tulsa Police Department.

CRIMES DISCLOSED TO PASTORAL OR MENTAL HEALTH COUNSELOR

To be exempt from disclosing reported offenses, pastoral or professional counselors must be acting in their roles of pastoral or professional counselors. This exemption does not relieve counselors of the duty to exercise reasonable care to protect a foreseeable victim from danger posed by the person being counseled or to make reports mandated by law. When speaking to a victim or witness to a crime, counselors are encouraged to inform the individual of options to report the crime to the police.

A pastoral counselor is a person who is associated with a religious order or denomination, is recognized by that religious order or denomination as someone who provides confidential counseling and is functioning within the scope of that recognition as a pastoral counselor.

A mental health counselor is a person whose official responsibilities include providing mental health counseling to members of the institution's community and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification. This definition applies even to professional counselors who are not employees of the institution but are under contract to provide counseling at the institution.

The university does not encourage pastoral and professional counselors to notify individuals they are counseling of the option to report crimes on an anonymous or confidential basis for inclusion in the annual statistical disclosure of crime statistics.

DEFINITIONS OF CRIMINAL OFFENSES

The following definitions are those used in the Uniform Crime Reporting System of the United States Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation:

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

An unlawful attack of one person by another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife or other weapon is used that could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.

ARSON

Any willful or malicious attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle, or aircraft or personal property of another. Only fires determined through investigation to have been willfully or maliciously set are classified as arson.

BURGLARY

The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or theft. For reporting purposes, this definition includes: unlawful entry with the intent to commit a larceny or felony; breaking and entering with the intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

DATING VIOLENCE

Dating violence is committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with another person. The existence of such relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. Dating violence includes but is not limited to sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. Dating violence does not include acts that meet the definition of domestic violence.

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

Domestic violence is a felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by a:

- current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim

- person with whom the victim shares a child in common
- person who is cohabitating with or has cohabited with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner
- person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of Oklahoma or
- any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of Oklahoma

Domestic violence is a pattern of abusive behavior in any relationship that is used by one partner to gain or maintain power and control over another intimate partner. Domestic violence can be physical, sexual, emotional, economic or psychological actions or threats of actions that influence another person.

DRUG LAW VIOLATIONS

Violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (Demerol, Methadone); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).

HATE CRIMES

A crime reported to local police agencies or to a campus security authority that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias against the victim. For the purposes of this definition, the categories of bias include the victim's actual or perceived race, religion, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, ethnicity, national origin and disability.

HAZING

Any intentional, knowing, or reckless act committed by a person (whether individually or in concert with other persons) against another person or persons regardless of the willingness of such other person or persons to participate, that:

- is committed in the course of an initiation into, an affiliation with, or the maintenance of membership in, a student organization; and
- causes or creates a risk, above the reasonable risk encountered in the course of participation in the institution of higher education or the organization (such as the physical preparation necessary for participation in an athletic team), of physical or psychological injury including—
  - whipping, beating, striking, electronic shocking, placing of a harmful substance on someone's body, or similar activity;
  - causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing sleep deprivation, exposure to the elements, confinement in a small space, extreme calisthenics, or other similar activity;
  - causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing another person to consume food, liquid, alcohol, drugs, or other substances;
  - causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing another person to perform sexual acts;
  - any activity that places another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words or conduct;
  - any activity against another person that includes a criminal violation of local, State, Tribal, or Federal law; and
  - any activity that induces, causes, or requires another person to perform a duty or task that involves a criminal violation of local, State, Tribal, or Federal law.

A student organization is defined as "an organization at an institution of higher education (such as a club, society, association, varsity or junior varsity athletic team, club sports team, fraternity, sorority, band, or student government) in which two or more of the members are students enrolled at the institution of higher education, whether or not the organization is established or recognized by the institution."

LARCENY

The unlawful taking, carrying, leading or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another without use of force or violence. It includes shoplifting, pocket-picking, purse snatching, thefts from motor vehicles to include parts and accessories, bicycles and computer thefts.

LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS

The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.

MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE

The killing of another person through gross negligence.

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle by someone other than the registered owner.

MURDER AND NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER

The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

ROBBERY

The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

SEX OFFENSES

Any sexual act directed against another person without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

SEXUAL ASSAULT

An offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest or statutory rape, defined as follows:

- **RAPE** means the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.
- **FONDLING** means the touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.
- **INCEST** means non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
- **STATUTORY RAPE** means non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent (age 16).

STALKING

Stalking refers to one who engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress.

- **COURSE OF CONDUCT** means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens or communicates to or about a person or interferes with a person's property.
- **REASONABLE PERSON** means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.
- **SUBSTANTIAL EMOTIONAL DISTRESS** means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

WEAPON LAW VIOLATIONS

The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; alien possessing deadly weapons; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. OSU policy prohibits deadly weapons on the university campus with limited exceptions.

Firearms may legally be stored/kept in a vehicle on campus. However, OSU and the OSU Police Department would like to strongly dissuade anyone from doing so, due to the chances of theft from the vehicle.

DEFINITION OF TERMS FOR STATISTICAL CHARTS

"ON-CAMPUS" means any building or property owned or controlled by Oklahoma State University, within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes. It also includes property within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is used by students, and supports institution purposes (such as food or other retail vendor). The Department of Education has clarified "reasonably contiguous geographic area" to generally mean within one mile of the campus border.

"NON-CAMPUS BUILDING OR PROPERTY" includes buildings or property (other than a branch campus) owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is used by students and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographical area of the institution.

"PUBLIC PROPERTY" is defined as all public property that is within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution, such as a sidewalk, a street or other thoroughfare, or parking facility, and is adjacent to a facility owned or controlled by the institution, if the facility is used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to the institution's educational purposes. For the purposes of the Clery Act, Oklahoma State University defines roadways that pass through or are adjacent to campus and maintained by the city or county of Tulsa.

CRIME STATISTICS CHART

medicine.okstate.edu/security

CRIMES REPORTED BY OSU POLICE DEPARTMENT, CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITIES, AND OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES – 2023-2025

This chart includes offenses that were reported to the Oklahoma State University Police Department, Campus Security Authorities, and Local Law Enforcement Agencies in accordance with the Uniform Crime Reporting procedures and the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act.

OFFENSE TYPE (INCLUDES ATTEMPTS)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	TOTAL
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
SEX OFFENSES					
Rape	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Fondling	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Incest	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0

CRIMES REPORTED BY OSU POLICE DEPARTMENT, CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITIES, AND OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES – 2023-2025

This chart includes offenses that were reported to the Oklahoma State University Police Department, Campus Security Authorities, and Local Law Enforcement Agencies in accordance with the Uniform Crime Reporting procedures and the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act.

OFFENSE TYPE (INCLUDES ATTEMPTS)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	TOTAL
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT*	2025	0	0	2	2
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	4	4
ARSON	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
STALKING	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
HAZING	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
LIQUOR LAW ARRESTS	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
DRUG LAW ARRESTS	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
WEAPONS LAW ARRESTS	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0

*Due to FBI Classification changes, Motor Vehicle Theft now includes electronic bikes and scooters.

CRIMES REPORTED BY OSU POLICE DEPARTMENT, CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITIES, AND OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES – 2023-2025

This chart includes offenses that were reported to the Oklahoma State University Police Department, Campus Security Authorities, and Local Law Enforcement Agencies in accordance with the Uniform Crime Reporting procedures and the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act.

OFFENSE TYPE (INCLUDES ATTEMPTS)	YEAR	ON CAMPUS	NON-CAMPUS	PUBLIC PROPERTY	TOTAL
LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS REFERRED FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
DRUG LAW VIOLATIONS REFERRED FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
WEAPONS LAW VIOLATIONS REFERRED FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0

2025 OSU-CHS "ON CAMPUS" BOUNDARIES AS DEFINED BY THE CLERY ACT

These maps denote the 2025 OSU Center for Health Sciences "On Campus" boundaries as defined by the Clery Act.



CHS MAIN CAMPUS

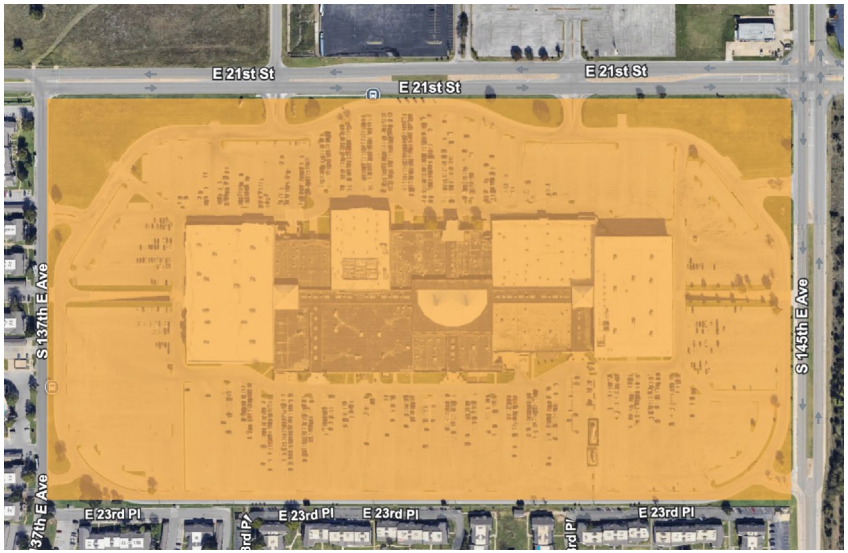
1111 SW. 17th St.



OSU HARDESTY CENTER FOR CLINICAL RESEARCH AND NEUROSCIENCE

1013 E. 66th Place

BIOMEDICAL IMAGING CENTER



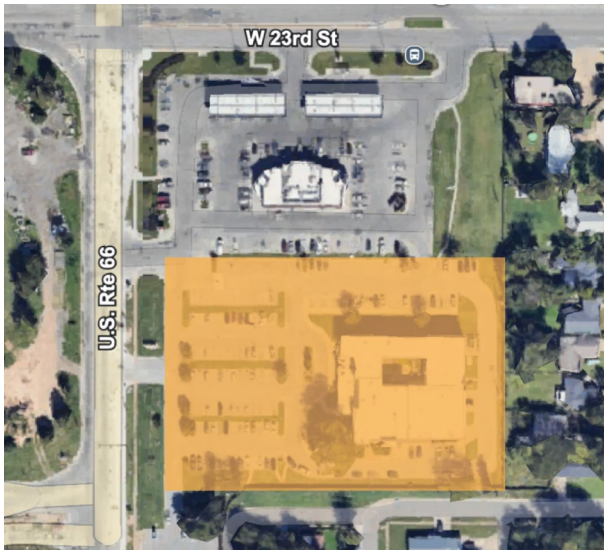
FAMILY MEDICINE – EASTGATE

14002 E. 21st St.

Suite 1130

2025 OSU-CHS "ON CAMPUS" BOUNDARIES AS DEFINED BY THE CLERY ACT

These maps denote the 2025 OSU Center for Health Sciences "On Campus" boundaries as defined by the Clery Act.



HEALTH CARE CENTER

2345 Southwest Blvd.

FAMILY MEDICINE

OSTEOPATHIC MANIPULATIVE MEDICINE

RADIOLOGY



HOUSTON CENTER

717 S. Houston Ave.

CARDIOVASCULAR MEDICINE
Suite 400

INTERNAL MEDICINE
Suite 300

INTERNAL MEDICINE SPECIALTY SERVICES
Suite 304

SURGERY
Suite 500

OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY
Suite 200



LEGACY PLAZA TOWER WEST

5310 E. 31st St.

BEHAVIORAL MEDICINE
Suite LL and 901

FAMILY MEDICINE
Suite 1101

NCWR ADDICTION RECOVERY CLINIC AT OSU
Suite 1102

2025 OSU-CHS "ON CAMPUS" BOUNDARIES AS DEFINED BY THE CLERY ACT

These maps denote the 2025 OSU Center for Health Sciences "On Campus" boundaries as defined by the Clery Act.



NEUROLOGY – SOUTH TULSA

6126 E. 61st St.



HOLLIMAN BUILDING

1705 E. 19th St.

PEDIATRICS

Suite 600

FIRE

ANNUAL FIRE SAFETY REPORT

The Clery Act was amended by HEOA in 2008, requiring future reports to begin including campus housing fire safety statistics as well. OSU-CHS has no on-campus housing. However, a fire chart for CHS clinics is provided as a courtesy.

STEPS TO FOLLOW IF YOU SEE A FIRE

1. Activate the nearest fire alarm.
2. Call 911. Give your name, address, location and the extent of the fire.
3. Calmly alert people in the building, and evacuate the building by following **EXIT** signs.

STEPS TO FOLLOW IF YOU ARE CAUGHT IN A FIRE

1. Remain calm.
2. Before opening a door, feel it with the back of your hand. If it is **HOT**:
   - *a.* Do not open the door.
   - *b.* Open the windows. If possible, lower the top half of the window to let out heat and smoke and raise the lower half to let in fresh air.
   - *c.* Seal crack around door with towels, linens or clothes. Soak these items in water if possible.
   - *d.* To attract attention, hang objects out the window. Shout for help.
   - *e.* Keep low to the floor. Take short breaths to avoid inhaling smoke. Place a wet towel over your nose and mouth. Keep your head six to eight inches off the floor.
3. If the door is **NOT HOT**, brace yourself against the door and open it slowly. If hot air or fire rushes in, close the door and do not open again.
4. If you can leave, close all doors behind you and proceed to the nearest safe exit. Leave the building and stand clear of the fire. Provide directions to police and fire personnel when they arrive.

STEPS TO FOLLOW FOR FIRE PREVENTION

1. Know every regular and emergency exit. Know how to activate the alarm system and what it sounds like. Know the location of fire extinguishers and how to operate them.
2. Arrange the contents of your room with fire safety in mind. Maintain clear and unobstructed access to your room door from both inside and outside.
3. Do not overload electrical outlets. Do not use broken, frayed or cracked electrical cords. Do not suspend lamps or lights by their own cords.
4. OSU is a tobacco- and vaping-free campus. You may not have a lit tobacco product or vape anywhere on campus.
5. Do not allow excess clutter of flammable materials. For further information, contact Environmental Health and Safety at 405-744-7241.

FIRE REPORTING

Per federal law, Oklahoma State University is required to annually disclose statistical data on all fires that occur in on-campus housing facilities. Listed below are the **NON-EMERGENCY** phone numbers to call to report fires that have **ALREADY** been extinguished in on-campus student housing. These phone numbers are fires for which you are unsure whether the OSU Police may already be aware. If you find evidence of such a fire or if you hear about such a fire, please contact one of the following:

OSU POLICE

405-744-6523

Rave Guardian campus safety app

SAFETY MANAGER

918-561-8391

When calling, provide as much information as possible about the location, date, time and cause of the fire. It is critical to document all reports of residential fires in the annual report.

FIRE SAFETY EDUCATION AND TRAINING PROGRAMS

Oklahoma State University strives to provide a safe and friendly environment for all of our campus community. To assist in this manner, several measures are taken. These include regular fire and life safety inspections in all campus facilities, various educational events and the development of university rules and standard administrative procedures regarding fire safety.

The Office of Research, through its Research Compliance unit, is responsible for lab safety oversight across laboratories at OSU Center for Health Sciences (OSU-CHS). The Research Compliance unit conducts routine laboratory inspections and provides ongoing oversight to promote compliance with institutional policies, regulatory requirements, and laboratory safety standards. More details can be found at *medicine.okstate.edu/research/safety/laboratory*.

Laboratory safety oversight includes:

1. Verification of appropriate laboratory hazard signage and identification of emergency and safety equipment locations.
2. Assessment of the availability and proper use of personal protective equipment (PPE), including safety glasses, gloves, laboratory coats, and other hazard-specific protective equipment.

3. Inspection of laboratory safety equipment, including fume hoods, eyewash stations, safety showers, and fire extinguishers.
4. Review of compressed gas storage and handling practices.
5. Verification of proper labeling, storage, and disposal of hazardous chemicals and regulated waste.
6. Identification of potential safety hazards, including electrical and fire risks within laboratory environments.
7. Verification that laboratory personnel have completed required safety and laboratory-specific training.
8. Review of housekeeping practices to ensure unobstructed access to exits, emergency equipment, and work areas.
9. Safety oversight for non-laboratory areas of the OSU-CHS campus is coordinated through the Campus Safety Officer and appropriate campus operational units.

FIRE STATISTICS CHARTS

2025 STATISTICS AND RELATED INFORMATION REGARDING FIRES IN OSU-CHS FACILITIES

NAME OF FACILITY	ADDRESS	TOTAL FIRES IN FACILITY	FIRE NUMBER	CATEGORY OF FIRE	CAUSE OF FIRE	FIRES REQUIRING MEDICAL TREATMENT	DEATHS RELATED TO A FIRE	VALUE OF PROPERTY DAMAGE OF FIRE
MAIN CAMPUS								
A.R. and Marylouise Tandy Medical Academic Building	1111 SW 17th St.	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
North Hall	1111 SW 17th St.	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
C.A.M.E. Building	1111 SW 17th St.	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Barson Building	1111 SW 17th St.	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Founders Hall	1111 SW 17th St.	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Felmlee Building	1111 SW 17th St.	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Forensic Science and Biomedical Research Building	1712 Phoenix Ave.	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
CLINICS								
Behavioral Medicine — Legacy Plaza West Tower	5310 E. 31st St. Suite LL and 901	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Biomedical Imaging Center	1013 E. 66th Pl	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Cardiovascular Medicine — Houston Center	717 S. Houston Ave. Suite 400	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Family Medicine — Eastgate	14002 E. 21st Street 1130	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Family Medicine — Health Care Center	2345 Southwest Blvd.	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Family Medicine — Legacy Plaza Tower West	5310 E. 31st St. Suite 1101	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Internal Medicine — Houston Center	717 S. Houston Ave. Suite 300	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Internal Medicine Speciality Services — Houston Center	717 S. Houston Ave. Suite 304	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
NCWR Addiction Recovery Clinic at OSU — Legacy Plaza Tower West	5310 E. 31st St. Suite 1102	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Neurology - South Tulsa	6126 E. 61st St.	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Obstetrics and Gynecology — Houston Center	717 S. Houston Ave. Suite 200	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00

2025 STATISTICS AND RELATED INFORMATION REGARDING FIRES IN OSU-CHS FACILITIES

NAME OF FACILITY	ADDRESS	TOTAL FIRES IN FACILITY	FIRE NUMBER	CATEGORY OF FIRE	CAUSE OF FIRE	FIRES REQUIRING MEDICAL TREATMENT	DEATHS RELATED TO A FIRE	VALUE OF PROPERTY DAMAGE OF FIRE
Osteopathic Manipulative Medicine — Health Care Center	**2345 Southwest Blvd.**	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Pediatrics — Holliman Building	**1705 E. 19th St., Suite 600**	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Radiology — Health Care Center	**2345 Southwest Blvd.**	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Surgery — Houston Center	**717 S. Houston Ave. Suite 500**	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00

2024 STATISTICS AND RELATED INFORMATION REGARDING FIRES IN OSU-CHS FACILITIES

NAME OF FACILITY	ADDRESS	TOTAL FIRES IN FACILITY	FIRE NUMBER	CATEGORY OF FIRE	CAUSE OF FIRE	FIRES REQUIRING MEDICAL TREATMENT	DEATHS RELATED TO A FIRE	VALUE OF PROPERTY DAMAGE OF FIRE
MAIN CAMPUS								
A.R. and Marylouise Tandy Medical Academic Building	1111 SW 17th St.	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
North Hall	1111 SW 17th St.	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
C.A.M.E. Building	1111 SW 17th St.	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Barson Building	1111 SW 17th St.	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Founders Hall	1111 SW 17th St.	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Felmlee Building	1111 SW 17th St.	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Forensic Science and Biomedical Research Building	1712 Phoenix Ave.	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
CLINICS								
Behavioral Medicine — Legacy Plaza West Tower	5310 E. 31st St. Suite LL and 901	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Biomedical Imaging Center	1013 E. 66th Pl	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Cardiovascular Medicine — Houston Center	717 S. Houston Ave. Suite 400	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Family Medicine — Eastgate	14002 E. 21st Street 1130	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Family Medicine — Health Care Center	2345 Southwest Blvd.	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Family Medicine — Legacy Plaza Tower West	5310 E. 31st St. Suite 1101	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Internal Medicine — Houston Center	717 S. Houston Ave. Suite 300	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Internal Medicine Speciality Services — Houston Center	717 S. Houston Ave. Suite 304	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
NCWR Addiction Recovery Clinic at OSU — Legacy Plaza Tower West	5310 E. 31st St. Suite 1102	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Neurology - South Tulsa	6126 E. 61st St.	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Obstetrics and Gynecology — Houston Center	717 S. Houston Ave. Suite 200	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00

2024 STATISTICS AND RELATED INFORMATION REGARDING FIRES IN OSU-CHS FACILITIES

NAME OF FACILITY	ADDRESS	TOTAL FIRES IN FACILITY	FIRE NUMBER	CATEGORY OF FIRE	CAUSE OF FIRE	FIRES REQUIRING MEDICAL TREATMENT	DEATHS RELATED TO A FIRE	VALUE OF PROPERTY DAMAGE OF FIRE
Osteopathic Manipulative Medicine — Health Care Center	**2345 Southwest Blvd.**	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Pediatrics — Holliman Building	**1705 E. 19th St., Suite 600**	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Radiology — Health Care Center	**2345 Southwest Blvd.**	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00
Surgery — Houston Center	**717 S. Houston Ave. Suite 500**	0	0	NA	NA	0	0	$0.00

OTHER RESOURCES

medicine.okstate.edu/security

OSU-CHS AND TULSA CAMPUS RESOURCES

EMERGENCY (POLICE, FIRE, AMBULANCE)
911

LOST AND FOUND
918-561-1234

OFFICE OF EQUAL OPPORTUNITY
918-594-8221

EEO AND TITLE IX COORDINATOR
918-594-8105

OSU PUBLIC SAFETY WEB PAGE
medicine.okstate.edu/security

POLICE NON-EMERGENCY (CAMPUS ONLY)
918-561-1234

SEXUAL ASSAULT VICTIMS ADVOCATES
918-200-5595

STUDENT CONDUCT
918-561-1950

STUDENT ACCESSIBILITY SERVICES
sas_chsgrad@okstate.edu

STUDENT COUNSELING SERVICES
918-561-1822

EMPLOYEE COUNSELING SERVICES
918-594-8568

STUDENT/EMPLOYEE HEALTH NURSE
918-281-2755

CITY OF TULSA RESOURCES

EMERGENCY (POLICE, FIRE, AMBULANCE)
911

NON-EMERGENCY
918-596-9222

TULSA COUNTY SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT
918-596-5601

TULSA COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY
918-596-4805

SUICIDE CRISIS LINE
988

TULSA DOMESTIC VIOLENCE INTERVENTION SERVICES
918-743-5763



Oklahoma State University

CENTER FOR HEALTH SCIENCES

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Oklahoma State University, in compliance with Title VI and VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Executive Order 11246 as amended, and Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (Higher Education Act), the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, and other federal and state laws and regulations, does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, genetic information, sex, age, sexual orientation, religion, disability, or status as a veteran, in any of its policies, practices or procedures. This provision includes, but is not limited to admissions, employment, financial aid, and educational services. The Director of Affirmative Action/Director of Human Resources in Tulsa, 700 North Greenwood Ave., Main Hall 1405, Tulsa, OK 74106; phone: 918-594-8221; email: tulsa.hr@okstateledu has been designated to handle inquiries regarding non-discrimination policies. Any person (student, faculty, or staff) who believes that discriminatory practices have been engaged in based on gender may discuss his or her concerns and file informal or formal complaints of possible violations of Title IX with OSU-CHS's Title IX Coordinator 918-594-8105.